Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,114. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, MAY 13. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

MR CUMMING,
GRAMMAR SCHOOL, CANONGATE,

MEANS to devote Two Hours every evening to the reading of LATIN and GREEK, with Gentlemen who wish to prosecute these studies in the summer time.

Those who intend to apply to these studies with him, are requested to enquire for further particulars at the Shool, any day at two o'clock, P. M.

The class commences onMonday the 20th instant.

Canongate Grammar School, 11th May, 1799.

CHINA, GLASS, AND WEDGWOOD STONE WAREHOUSE,
No. 49. South Bridge Street, Edinburgh.

CHARLES HENRY CORE has just received his NEW ASSORTMENT of the following Articles for the SPRING TRADE, which, for Elegance of Pattern and Quality, are not to be equalled in this city:

Blue printed Table and Desert Sets, first quality, of any number of pieces and price.
Wedgwood's Enamel'd ditto, of various patterns.
Wedgwood's Queen's Ware of all kinds for the table or dairy.
Burnished Gold Tea Sets complete, of a superior quality— also China in dozens of half sets.
Breakfast and Afternoon Cups and Saucers, various patterns.

Superlative Rich Cut and Plain Glass:

Chandeliers, Girandoles, Candlesticks, and Epergus.
Table Sets of Glass, also Desert Sets, highly finished.

He has also the pleasure to announce to the Public, that upon his engaging to keep always a suitable assortment of the productions of the Manufactory of Mess. JOSIAH WEDGWOOD and BYERLEY of ETRURIA, and to sell them at moderate prices, those manufacturers have promised to give him a preference in the sale of their articles in this city, and not to serve any other dealer here, so long as he continues faithful to his engagements, and thereby renders this arrangement a real convenience to such as have a partiality for those wares.

N. B GIRANDOLES and EPERGNS mounted to any pattern, and old ones repaired upon the shortest notice.

Single Dishes, Plates, Covers, or Tea China made to any pattern.

A NEAT COTTAGE OR HIGHLAND STOVE, NEWLY INVENTED.
CARRON WAREHOUSE, No. 17, PRINCE'S STREET.

WILLIAM HOWE,

BEGS leave to offer to the Public a SMALL FAMILY STOVE, upon an entire new construction. The saving of feuel, regulating of heat, and convenience of cooking (particularly where wood and peat are used) were his particular objects, and in these he flatters himself that this Stove will be found of general utility. The Stove is in itself simple, and in a particular manner appropriated to cottages and small country residences, the price being extremely moderate.

N. B. Every other article in the Carron, Ironmongery, Cutlery, Japanned Line, &c.

COUNTY OF CLACKMANAN MILITIA.

THE persons following who were drawn by ballot, as part of the quota of the Militia for the county of Clackmannan:

John Hunter, son of George Hunter, collier, Sauchie,
Joseph Cook, son of Henry Cook, late collier, Sauchie, and
Donald M'Leod, jun. Kennetpans,

having failed to attend or find Substitutes, although due notice was given to them so to do, in terms of the Act of Parliament. They are therefore again required to attend an adjourned meeting of the Deputy Lieutenants, and Justices of the said county, to be held at Alloa, in the house of Mrs Haigs, vintner there, upon Thursday the 23d day of May curt. by 12 o'clock noon, to take the oath of allegiance, and to faithfully serve in the Militia, within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, for the defence of the same during the present war, when called upon by his Majesty so to do, and for the space of one Callander month after the end thereof, and to be enrolled as Militiamen, or to produce Substitutes able and fit for service, to be approved of by the said Deputy Lieutenants, and in default, shall suffer the pains and penalties by the said act directed. (Signed) ALEX. BRUCE, Preses.

ALLOA, May 9, 1799. JOHN JAMISON, C. G. M.

EDINBURGH FRIENDLY INSURANCE
AGAINST LOSSES BY FIRE.

THE ANNUAL PREMIUMS and KING'S DUTY upon INSURANCES due at this Office at the present term of Whitsunday, are desired to be paid up immediately, as by neglecting the payment fifteen days after the term, the benefit of the policy expires.

Persons insured, will please therefore call at the Office and pay the same, where Receipts are granted for Old Premiums and Policies issued for New Insurances.

Persons removing their Household Furniture or Goods at this term, will please give in their Policies at the Office to be transferred.

Notice is hereby given to Proprietors, that the payment of dividends commences on Wednesday the 15th instant, and will continue on Wednesdays and Thursdays, from ten to two o'clock.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

To be SOLD by auction, on Wednesday the 15th current, in James's Street, No. 1, first door of the Stair,

THE Whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Dining-room, and Drawing-room Furniture, Mounted Beds, Feather Beds, Blankets, Carpets, Mahogany Desks, Drawers, Tables, Chairs, Mirror Glasses, a good Kitchen Jack, with a variety of Kitchen Furniture. The roup to begin at eleven o'clock.

JOHN & J. PATERSON, Auctioneers.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE BY AUCTION.

Upon Thursday, the 16th May instant, in that Large Lodging, Nicholson Street, presently possessed by Lieut. Col. Park,

A VERY Neat, Clean Assortment of Dining-room, Drawing-room, Bed-chamber, Cupboard, and Kitchen Articles; amongst which are several handsome Mirrors, excellent Tables, several fine Beds and Bedding, an elegant Girandole, &c.

Sale to begin each day at eleven o'clock.

DALGLEISH & FORREST.

SALE OF HORSES AND CATTLE.

There is to be SOLD by public roup at Winton West Mains, in the Parish of Pencaitland, County of East Lothian, upon Saturday the 25th day of May curt.

THE WHOLE STOCKING upon the Three Farms of STENTON, consisting of between Thirty and Forty Draught Horses, including Colts and Fillies, a very fine Black Stallion, four years old, of the draught breed, and two Saddle Horses, fit for the road. Twelve or thirteen Milch Cows, and three Bulls, and some Young Queys.

The roup to begin with the Milch Cows, precisely at ten o'clock forenoon.

N. B. Some of the Draught Horses are fit for a carriage.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

THE Farms of BALMITCHELL and DRUMCLAIR, lying in the parish of Slamannan, and shire of Stirling. These farms are in the vicinity of Lime; capable of great improvement, and there is in both a capital seam of Splint Coal; and Iron Stone near the surface. The farm of Balmitchell is bounded on the north and west by the river of Avon.

For particulars apply to Mathew Steel, writer in Falkirk; or Mr H. S. Mercer, writer to the signet.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack,
COLDSTREAM PACKET,
JAMES WATSON Master,

Will take in goods, till Wednesday forenoon at eleven o'clock, when she will sail.

Union Shipping Co's Office, Leith, May 13, 1799.

GILCHRIST & CO.
By this Week's arrivals,

HAVE now completed their Stock of London ell-wide PRINTED CALICOES, and PRINTED MUSLINS, consisting of nearly

ONE THOUSAND PIECES:

Probably the largest and most beautiful variety of Patterns ever exhibited in any retail shop in Great Britain.

Blair Street, High Street, May 11, 1799.

NEW HABERDASHERY,
At No. 7, South Bridge Street.

W. ALLAN respectfully acquaints the LADIES, That the greater part of his purchases in London, Manchester, and Carlisle, are now come to hand, which for elegance and variety are seldom to be met with in this country; he would particularly recommend some new and very beautiful Silk Ginghams, Printed Muslins and Callicoes, Black and White Patent Lace Veils, Patent Lace Cloaks, Black Laces, Thread Edgings. Cambrics and Dimittics.

*** A few pieces of very fine Long Cloths and Cambric Muslins for Dresses.

N. B.—Notwithstanding the late heavy advance on Cotton Goods, W. A. will continue to sell his at the former prices.

Edinburgh, 11th May, 1799.

GREAT BARGAINS.

JAMES HENDERSON begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he is to remove from his present shop at the ensuing term, to that shop on South Bridge, presently possessed by Miss Hall, No. 32, east side, when he will open with an ENTIRE NEW ASSORTMENT OF GOODS in his line, at present on their way from London, and the different manufacturing towns of Great Britain. He will, therefore, continue till that time to dispose of his stock now on hand, at prices so much below the common, that he is convinced will be worthy of public notice, consisting of a great variety of Printed Callicoes and Muslins, Dimitties and Muslinets, India and British Muslins all sorts, Linens, Cambricks, and Long Lawns, Men and Womens Silk and Cotton Stockings, Rich Black Modes and Laces uncommonly cheap, Patent Lace Cloaks and Veils, Gauze for ditto, Plain and Figured Ribbons in great variety, 5d. and 6d. per yard, Bed Ticks, Quilts, Counterpanes, &c. Best stripped Mancoes and Durants 1s. per yard.

P. S. Servants and others will do well to attend to this, as they seldom have it in their power to lay out their money to such advantage. NORTH BRIDGE, MAY 11. 1799.

SALE OF CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

BEING the Remaining Stock belonging to Mr JOHN MATHIE, cabinet maker, and upholsterer in the Horse Wynd, Edinburgh, to be sold off at very reduced prices, every day, betwixt this and the 25th of May curt. at his Wareroom as above. As the Goods are to be sold off without reserve (not by auction, but by private sale,) great bargains will be given for ready money.

HOUSE IN ST ANDREW's SQUARE.

To be SOLD, by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 16th of May current, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain,

THAT COMMODIOUS HOUSE, situated on the south west corner of St Andrew's Square, and entering from South St David's Street, the property of Mr David Hume, advocate, with the Back Ground or Open Area to St David's Street, coach house, water pipe, and stable for three horses pertaining thereto; all substantially finished, and in good condition.

The term of entry to be at Whitsunday next. The house to be seen every day from eleven to one o'clock.

For farther particulars apply to the proprietor, or to Mr John Home, writer to the signet, No. 6, South St David's Street.

ALSO—To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next, A DOUBLE COACH HOUSE AND STABLE FOR FIVE HORSES, pertaining to, and situated at the back of the house, No. 21, on the north side of George Street.

Enquire as above.

FARMS IN KINCARDINSHIRE.

To be LET and entered to at Martinmas next,

THESE parts of the Lands of PITNAMOON, in the parish of Forden, which are in the natural possession of John Johnston; consisting of about 166 acres arable lands, a considerable tract of pasture and muir.

Also, the Farm of DRONACHMYRE adjoining to Pitnamoon, and likewise possessed by Mr Johnston, consisting of about 54 acres arable, and a few acres pasture.

It is proposed to give leases of the above farms for 19 years, and they will be let together or separately.

Offers in writing to be given in between and the 15th June next to Mr John Scot, Laurencekirk by Montrose, who will give directions for showing the lands.

FARM AND COAL IN DUNBARTONSHIRE TO LET.

To be LET, for such a number of years as may be agreed on,

THE Farm of KNIGHTSWOOD, as presently possessed by Mr John Dixon, lying in the parish of New Kilpatrick, consisting of 182 acres or thereby, of a good soil, all inclosed and subdivided, and capable of great improvement.

Also to be LET, the WHOLE SEAMS of COAL in the above lands, according to the output, or as may be agreed upon.

The great canal passes within less than a quarter of a mile of the farm, and there is easy communication, by good roads, to the neighbouring towns of Glasgow, Renfrew, Paisley, and Dunbarton. There is an excellent waggon-road from the present coal-pit to an established colliery at the Ferry of Renfrew, about a mile distant.

The entry to the houses and arable lands to be at Martinmas next, to the coal at Candlemas, and to the grass grounds on the 1st of April thereafter.

Proposals in writing for the farm and coal separately, to be given in to Mr John Robinson, of Parkhill, by Beith, or William Beveridge, W. S. betwixt and the 1st of July next.

FARM IN FIFE-SHIRE.

To be LET for 19 years, and entered to at the term of Martinmas first,

CONLAND, situated in the parish of Arngask, consting of about 100 acres of good arable land, besides some valuable pasture.

It is presently in excellent order. There is on it a good modern Farm-house, and a sufficient number of Offices, all in the best repair, with a Threshing Machine.

It is situated within 6 miles of lime, 10 of coal, and about 10 from Perth and Newburgh, where victual is daily sold and shipped, and there are good roads leading to and from it in every direction.

Proposals for a lease in writing (to be kept secret if required) to be given in to Edward Bruce, clerk to the signet; to Lawrence Glass at Newton of Balcanqual; or to George Taylor at Balvaird, betwixt and the 1st day of July next; the two last of whom will show the farm to intending lessees.

SALE OF THE ESTATE OF WEST THORN.

There will be exposed to SALE, by public roup, upon Wednesday the 22d May curt. in the Tontine, Glasgow, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE ESTATE of WEST THORN, beautifully situated, upon the river Clyde, in the parish of Barony, and county of Lanark, lying about two miles from the city of Glasgow, and supposed to be full of coal. The upset price 18,000l. Ster.

Should the sale of this estate *in gremio* not take place upon the 22d May, some parts thereof, on the Thorn Farm for Villas, will, at the same time and place, be offered to public sale, in lots of from 10 to 20 acres.

For farther particulars apply to Mr Dennistoun, of Colgrain, Queen Street, Glasgow; Mr Wardrop, of Dalmarnock; or Mr John Wilson, one of the Town Clerks of Glasgow, who will show the title deeds—John Muir at Westthorn, will show the estate.

—ARMY—
TO BE SOLD,

A LEUTENANTCY and ENSIGNCY in an old Regiment of Foot, lately from foreign service; and at present quartered in Scotland.

Apply to ROBERT ALLAN, Sun Fire Office, who has a Lieutenantcy on full pay for an exchange on half pay, on very favourable terms.

ANDERSON & LIVINGSTON

RESPECTFULLY acquaint the Public, that one of the Partners is just returned from the different Manufacturing Towns in England and Scotland, where he has selected with much care and attention, an Extensive assortment of every thing new in the LINEN DRAPERY and HABERDASHERY LINE, of such Qualities and Prices, as they trust will secure them a continuance of that share of the public favour they have hitherto experienced, and which it will always be their study to merit.

The assortment, which is very considerable, consists of

Printed Muslins and Calicoes, in great variety.
Ginghams, Dimittics, and Muslinets.
India and British Muslins and Long Cloths.
Scots and Irish Linens and Cambrics.
Lawns, Long Lawns, and Sheetings.
Printed Calicoes and Corded Dimittics.

FOR FURNITURE.

English Blankets and Bed Quilts.
Durants, Mancoes, Bombazeens, and Crapes.
India Nankeens and Corduroys.
Silk Handkerchiefs and Shawls.
Black Laces, Edgings, Ribbons, &c.

The connection which they have established with one of the most reputable Houses in London in the Manufactory of Black Silks, enables them particularly to recommend their choice of Rich BLACK MODES, SARSENETS, and LUTESTRINGS.

Those Furnishing Houses at the approaching term, will find their Furniture Calicoes and English Blankets worthy of notice.

Dealers served on the London terms. Millinery work neat and fashionable. *** Commissions pointedly answered.

HOPE & ANCHOR, *No. 9, South Bridge Street, Edinburgh, May 7, 1799.*

JAMES EDINGTON,
Haberdasher and Linen Draper, No. 11, west side South Bridge,

ACQUAINTS the Public, That he is to give up his present line of business at Whitsunday, and will SELL OFF his STOCK of GOODS very considerably below the original cost, consisting of Printed Calicoes, very cheap India and British Muslins, Long Cloths, Muslin Cambries; a great variety of Printed Shawls, Gloves, Stockings, Dimittics, Flannels; and particularly a large assortment of Rich BLACK MODES and LACES, at such low prices as will ensure a speedy sale.—Also Irish Linens, French Cambrics, Thread Edgings, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

SCHWEPPE's ARTIFICIAL MINERAL WATERS,
OR,
ALKALINE MEPHITIC WATERS,

Prepared by J. SCHWEPPE and Co. London, recommended and proportioned by Dr PEARSON.

FROM the very great and extensive sale of these waters in London to almost the whole Nobility, the Proprietors are emboldened to recommend their efficacy in the strongest terms, as being productive of the happiest effects in bilious complaints, in nervous affections, in assisting the tone of the stomach, in invigorating the general system, and exalting the spirits; even in the gout, stone, and gravel, many have been cured by them.

Seltzer Water } 6s. per doz, pint bottles
Acidulous Soda Water, single }
Acidulous Soda Water, double 6s. 6d. ditto ditto.
Acidulous Soda Water, triple 7s. ditto ditto.

Allowance made for bottles returned, 1s. 3d. per dozen.

Sold no where else in Edinburgh, but by George Swan, High Street, Head of Fleshmarket Close.

WELCH's FEMALE PILLS,

A Medicine long known for its very uncommon virtues, in removing Obstructions and other Disorders more especially incidental to the younger part of the Female Sex; also what is commonly called the *Green Sickness*, which is denoted by a yellow or pallid countenance; these Pills, however, alter that appearance, as well as create an appetite, correct bad digestion, remove giddiness, and are of distinguished excellence in Windy Disorders, Headachs, Pains in the Stomach, Shortness of Breath, and Palpitation of the Heart.—Of their extraordinary efficacy the following are recent instances:

To Mrs KEARSLEY, Fleet Street, London.

MADAM,

I HAVE been upwards of three years afflicted with a violent pain in my head and side, and a complaint in my stomach, which at times, quite deprived me of taking nourishment, and continual heaviness, so that I could not keep myself awake in the day. I have been under two Gentlemen of the Faculty; the first thought I had worms, owing to the pain in my stomach and side, and I took many medicines, but without effect; the latter supposed me going into a decline. About seven weeks back I caught a little cold, which occasioned me to have a violent cough; nothing I took was of any service; every body that saw me thought I was in a rapid decline, till luckily a friend of my mother's sent her nurse to enquire how I was, who said she knew a person in the same way, and who found no benefit from any thing till she took WELCH's FEMALE PILLS, and they made a speedy cure. My mother immediately purchased a box, from which I found the greatest benefit when I had taken them three times. The day after I took the first pill I was seized with a violent vomiting, and brought up an uncommon quantity of something very disagreeable; after that my appetite came, and I have ever since mended. But through misfortunes, it is not in my mother's power to purchase them; therefore if you would have the goodness to think my case worthy your charity, as I am now in my sixteenth year, and not capable of doing any thing towards getting my own livlihood, it will ever be acknowledged by your most grateful servant, SARAH COLLIER,

St Ann's Court, No. 24, Dean Street.

N. B.—I shall think it my duty to give every information to any person who would wish to enquire of me.

MADAM, Jan. 2. 1799

HAVING found by experience the real efficacy of your Pills, I beg to recommend the bearer to your attention, who has a daughter that has long laboured under several complaints incident to young people. Her mother's circumstances render her unable to purchase a box. I have not a doubt, from the benefit myself and daughter have found, of the service they will be to her.—I am, Madam, your humble servant,

R. AGUILAR,

No. 12. Devonshire Square, Bishopsgate Street.
Ormond Place, Feb. 28. 1798.

The bearer of this, ELIZABETH WEBB, having found great benefit from WELCH's FEMALE PILLS, begs leave to return Mrs KEARSLEY her grateful thanks for the same.

WELCH's FEMALE PILLS, (with directions) are sold, Wholesale and Retail, by C. KEARSLEY, Fleet Street, London; DICEY and Co. Bow Church-yard, Cheapside; F. NEWBERY, No. 45. St Paul's Church-yard; and JEBOULT and Co. No. 150. Oxford Street.

ALSO AT EDINBURGH
BY HUSBAND, ELDER, & COMPANY—AND
BY J. BAXTER, SOUTH BRIDGE.

*** As another Medicine is sold under the name of WELCH's FEMALE PILLS, which is spurious, purchasers are requested to remark, as the surest testimony of authenticity, that each bill of directions is signed with the name of C. KEARSLEY in hand writing; and on the outside, whereby servants cannot be imposed on, the stamp is printed, by permission of his Majesty's Honourable Commissioners of Stamps, thus: *C. Kearsley, No. 46. Fleet Street.*—None others are genuine.

COOKE's CHEAP AND ELEGANT
POCKET LIBRARY,
Containing the most esteemed and popular Works in the English Language:

Printed in a style of elegance that may challenge competition, on a purposely manufactured *wove vellum paper*, in octo-decimo or eighteens; a size which forms a happy medium between the extremes of diminitive inconvenience and ponderous inutility. The volumes are thereby rendered equally commodious for the pocket, and ornamental for the bookcase, as they form an agreeable travelling companion, adapted for amusement at the fireside, and equally commodious for passing leisure hours, when nature and the seasons invite us abroad.

Illustrated with superb Embellishments,

Possessing an uncommon degree of beauty and high finishing, taken from the Paintings and Drawings of *T. Kirk, E. Burney,* and *R. Corbould,* and engraved by *Heath, Neagle, Warren,* &c.

To gratify the Admirers of beautiful Printing and decorative Elegance,

SUPERIOR EDITIONS

Are printed, possessing those peculiar advantages never before united in any editions of the same Works. From their distinguished magnificence, they are adapted to accommodate the polite and fashionable circles, the virtuoso in embellishments, and the admirers of the typographic art; as they are additionally embellished with a complete collection of Portraits of the respective Authors, Subject Prints, besides Vignette Frontispieces to every volume, and possess the advantage of the first impression of the Plates, worked off in the manner of proofs. These editions therefore exhibit an unexampled specimen of the united beauties of the press and pencil, and form a pleasing union of neatness and elegance unequalled in the graphic or typographic art. In short, they appear in the proudest dress of paper, print, and embellishments; and if perfection and elegance are taken into consideration, the Proprietor flatters himself that his Works will gain admission into the libraries of the literati, and the most fashionable of the present age. The CHEAP EDITION will be embellished with an elegant Engraving in every Number.

List of the Works already printed, which may be had bound, sewed,
Or in Numbers, price only Sixpence each.

SELECT NOVELS.

Novels.	*Quant. Price*	*Novels.*	*Quant. Price*
Solyman & Almena	1 No. 06	Devil on Two Sticks	4 Nos 20
Nourjahad	1 No. 06	Gulliver's Travels	4 Nos 20
Zadig	1 No. 06	Joseph Andrews	4 Nos 20
Castle of Otranto	1 No. 06	Sisters	4 Nos 20
Almoran & Hamet	1 No. 06	Henrietta	4 Nos 20
Sentimental Journey	1 No. 06	Telemachus	6 Nos 30
Rasselas	2 Nos 10	Humphrey Clinker	6 Nos 30
Theodosius	2 Nos 10	Female Quixotte	6 Nos 30
Belisarius	2 Nos 10	Moral Tales	7 Nos 36
Pompey the Little	2 Nos 10	Count Fathom	7 Nos 36
Candid	2 Nos 10	Tales of the Genii	7 Nos 36
Peruvian Princess	2 Nos 10	Roderic Random	7 Nos 36
Louisa Mildmay	2 Nos 10	Robinson Crusoe	8 Nos 40
Journ. to next World	2 Nos 10	Tristram Shandy	8 Nos 40
Advent. of an Atom	3 Nos 16	Amelia	9 Nos 46
Vicar of Wakefield	3 Nos 16	Adven. of a Guinea	10 Nos 50
Chinese Tales	3 Nos 16	Gil Blas	11 Nos 56
Launcelot Greaves	3 Nos 16	Peregrine Pickle	13 Nos 66
Tale of a Tub	3 Nos 16	Tom Jones	13 Nos 66
Jonathan Wild	3 Nos 16	Don Quixotte	16 Nos 80

SELECT BRITISH POETS.

Goldsmith	1 No. 06	Fenton	2 Nos 10
Gray	1 No. 06	Rowe	2 Nos 10
Armstrong	1 No. 06	Broome	2 Nos 10
Falconer	1 No. 06	Mallet	2 Nos 10
Collins	1 No. 06	Cunninghame	2 Nos 10
Otway	1 No. 06	Langhorne	3 Nos 16
Smollett	1 No. 06	Shakespeare	3 Nos 16
Pomfret	1 No. 06	Thomson	3 Nos 16
Johnson	1 No. 06	Shenstone	3 Nos 16
Dodsley	1 No. 06	Akenside	3 Nos 16
Lyttleton	1 No. 06	Parnel	3 Nos 16
Walsh	1 No. 06	Waller	3 Nos 16
Lansdowne	2 Nos 10	Young	7 Nos 36
Moore	2 Nos 10	Pope	8 Nos 40
Addison	2 Nos 10	Milton	8 Nos 40
Congreve	2 Nos 10	Dryden	11 Nos 56
Tickle	2 Nos 10		

SACRED CLASSICS.

Death of Abel	06	Centaur not Fabulous	10
Economy of Human Life	06	Blackmore on the Creation	10
Addison's Evidences	10	Rowe's Letters	20
Dodd on Death	10	Hervey's Meditations	20
Dodd's Prison Thoughts	10	Pilgrim's Progress	20
Rowe's Exercises	10		

BRITISH CLASSICS.

Goldsmith's Essays	2 Nos 10	Johnson's Idler	5 Nos 26

The British Classics, of which the above Works only yet are published, will also comprise, when complete, the

CITIZEN, &c.	GUARDIAN,	TATLER,
RAMBLER,	CONNOISSEUR,	WORLD,
ADVENTURER,	SPECTATOR,	MIRROR, &c.

Which will be executed on the same uniform plan, and possess all the advantages of elegant printing and superior embellishments peculiar to the Works in general which compose the Pocket Library.

The above Works, to which the prices are affixed, are already published, and will be followed by others of equal estimation, and at the same reduced prices, printed verbatim from original copies.

From the prices affixed to these editions, the Public may perceive how infinitely cheaper they are than any others submitted to their choice, notwithstanding they contain *superb Embellishments, Lives, Notes, Arguments, Glossaries,* &c.

London: Printed for C. COOKE, No. 17. Paternoster-Row; and Sold by S. CHEYNE, Edinburgh—and may be had of all Booksellers in Great Britain and Ireland.

IRON WORKS, &c. FOR SALE.

THE IRON WORKS on the River Devon, within three English miles of the Port of Alloa, on the Frith of Forth, and about thirty miles distant from Edinburgh, are to be SOLD by public roup on Wednesday 15th May 1799, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, between the hours of five and seven afternoon.

These Works consist of

Two Blast Furnaces of the largest dimensions, with a complete Fire Engine, and Blowing Apparatus, in the best order; a large Smithy and Wright's Shop, and a number of Houses for workmen.

A Feu of Land of about Thirty Scotch Acres, on which these Works are situated, within the estate of Sauchy and county of Clackmannan.

A Lease of the Colliery and Iron-stone in that estate for sixty years from Whitsunday 1793.

A Lease, for the same period, of an extensive Farm of good land.

Also,

A Lease of the level-free Coal and Iron-stone in the adjacent estate of Tillycultry, with several other leases of Iron-stone in that neighbourhood and elsewhere.

Devon is reckoned one of the first situations in Britain for iron Works, and the excellent quality of the coal (for the manufacture of iron,) and also the quality of the iron-stone of Sauchie have long been established.

The two principal seams of coal are, one of five and one of nine feet thick, besides which there are several thiner seams; but the two first are of such extent that a hundred colliers constantly employed could not exhaust them during the lease, and the port of Alloa furnishes a steady market and good price for any quantity that might be raised, over supplying the furnaces.

The river Devon is capable, in the dryest season, to work machinery to blow four or five furnaces, and could, at a moderate expence, be brought down to the works with a fall of between 40 and 50 feet.

N. B.—The live and dead stock, utensils and materials, &c. to be taken off by the purchaser of the Works at an appraisement.

For particulars apply to Charles Addison at Borrowstounness; John Tait, jun. writer to the signet, Edinburgh; or Henry Smith, Esq. Drapers Hall, London.

Mr Addison, Mr Tait, or Mr Smith will receive proposals from persons desirous to treat by private bargain previous to the day of sale.

Mr James Scot, residing at Sauchie, will shew the works.

WAR-OFFICE—April 30. 1799.

17th Regiment of Light Dragoons—Captain Francis Gore to be Major.

19th Ditto—Cornet Edward Darval to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Brabazon, promoted. Andrew Geils to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Darval.

28th Ditto—Lieutenant William Rowe Dunbar, from the 35th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Finnan, who exchanges.

7th Regiment of Foot—Lieutenant Matthew Sutton, from the Minorca regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice John Holland, who retires on the half-pay of the 6th regiment of the late Irish Brigade.

8th Ditto—Assistant-Surgeon Francis Manson, from the 1st dragoon guards, to be Surgeon, vice Smith, who retires on half-pay.

12th Regiment of Foot.

Ensign Thomas William Edwards to be Lieutenant, vice Cassidy, deceased.

To be Ensigns—Edmund Nevill, vice Edwards; Thomas Torrens Morgan, by purchase, vice Falla, promoted; Henry Kater, by purchase, vice Jorden, promoted in the 85th foot.

15th Ditto—Ensign Henry Stodart to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Ogilvie, who retires.

19th Ditto—Edward Barry Beauman to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Chetham, promoted.

23d Ditto—Second Lieutenant Thomas Pearson to be First Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lloyd, promoted in the 60th foot.

27th Ditto—William Johnson Brazier to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Whitmarsh, who retires.

29th Ditto—Ensign Thomas Taylor to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Dalgety, who retires. Serjeant-Major Thomas Stott to be Quarter-Master, vice Dalgety, who retires.

33d Ditto—Lieutenant John Chetwood to be Captain, by purchase, vice Deverell, who retires. Ensign John Paul to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Davis, who retires. Ensign Alexander Campbell to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Chetwood. Ensign Simeon Philip Freill, from the 76th foot to be Ensign, vice St Aubin, who exchanges. John Warren, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Gaff, sen. promoted.

35th Ditto—Lieutenant Roger Finnan, from the 28th light dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Dunbar, who exchanges.

36th Ditto—Ensign William Croasdaile to be Lieutenant, vice Swyer, deceased. William Campbell, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Croasdaile.

39th Ditto—Lieutenant John Alexander Grant, from the 85th foot to be Lieutenant, vice James Hamilton, who exchanges.

45th Ditto—Cornet Thomas Bunbury, from the 7th dragoon guards, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Barclay, promoted in the 88th foot.

49th Ditto, ——— St George, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Campbell, promoted.

50th Ditto—Ensign Joseph Pallavicini, from the regiment of Roll, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Davidson, who resigns.

52d Ditto—Brevet-Major Henry Conran to be Major, without purchase, vice Monson, promoted in the 76th foot.—Captain-Lieutenant William Wardrobe, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Conran. Lieutenant Philip Savage to be Captain-Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Wardrobe. Ensign Henry Blackmore, from the 33d foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Savage. Robert Henry Dingley, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Rowan, promoted.

59th Ditto—William Gunn, to be Ensign, vice Buchannan, who resigns.

60th Ditto—Colonel Sir Charles Marsh, Knt. from the half pay of the late independents, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Hughes, who exchanges. Volunteer Robert Kelly, from the 37th foot, to be Ensign, vice Weissenbach, deceased. Ensign Thomas Stratham, from the half pay of the late 2d battalion of the 71st foot, to be Ensign, vice Walker, who exchanges. Assistant-surgeon Thomas Kidd, from the 14th light dragoons, to be Surgeon, vice Carter, who retires on half pay.

62d Ditto—Ensign John Bennet to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Taylor, who retires.

63d Ditto—Lieutenant Charles Boyd to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Ruxton, deceased.

67th Ditto—Lieutenant Alexander Grierson, from the 65th foot, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Gordon, promoted.

72d Ditto—Ensign William Burke Nicolls to be Lieutenant, vice Ronald Macdonald, deceased. Robert Owen, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Nicolls.

73d Ditto—Thomas Geils, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Tichet, promoted.

74th Ditto— ——— Armstrong, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Hay, promoted.

75th Ditto—Captain-Lieutenant Colin M'Rae to be Captain, vice Mackenzie, deceased. Lieutenant Christopher Hayes to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice M'Rae. Ensign Samuel Engel, from the 74th foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Keirnan, who retires. Ensign William Taylor, from the 19th foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Hayes.

76th Ditto—Ensign Robert Frith to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Campbell, promoted in the 86th foot. Ensign Frederick William St Aubin, from the 33d foot, to be Ensign, vice Freill, who exchanges. Serjeant-Major James Gane to be Quarter-Master, vice Cameron, resigned.

77th Ditto—Joseph Douglas to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Armstrong, whose appointment does not take place.

To be Assistant-Surgeons—Colin Dakers, vice Grieve, promoted; John Easton, vice Anderson, resigned.

78th Ditto—Ensign Alexander Young to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Christie, promoted in the 82d foot.—George Ross Munro to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Young.

80th Ditto—Ensign Thomas Douglas to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice De Lany, who retires. ——— Dick to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Blashfield, deceased.

83d Ditto—Lieutenant Peter Acklom, from the 58th foot, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Cumberland, who retires.

85th Ditto—Lieutenant James Hamilton, from the 39th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice J. A. Grant, who exchanges.

87th Ditto—Volunteer ——— Huxley, from the 1st battalion of the 60th foot, to be Ensign, vice Rouvelet, who resigns.

89th Ditto—Christopher M'Mahon to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Oakes, promoted.

91st Ditto—George Macay to be Ensign, without purchase, vice S. Cooper, promoted.

10th West India Regiment—Francis Chateau to be Surgeon, vice Forthier.

Colonel John Stuart's Regiment—Lieutenant James Nash, from the half-pay of the late 6th regiment of the Irish brigade, to be Lieutenant, vice Sutton, appointed to the Royal Fuzileers.

MEMORANDUM.

The appointment of Lieutenant George Gordon, from the Aberdeenshire Militia, to be Captain in the Northern Fencible Infantry, vice Cameron, who resigns, as stated in the Gazette of the 2d March last, has not taken place.

Commission signed by his Majesty for the Army in Ireland.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander J. Goldie, from the 5th, or Royal Irish Regiment of Dragoons, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the 6th regiment of dragoons; dated 15th April, 1799.

WAR-OFFICE—May 7.

Second Regiment of Life Guards—Lieutenant Nicholas Toler Kingsley, from the Somersetshire fencible cavalry, to be Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant, vice Grant, promoted.

1st Regiment of Dragoon Guards—Major John Elliott to Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Villettes, appointed to the command of a regiment. Captain John Campbell to be Major, vice Elliott. Captain-Lieutenant Robert Evatt Acklom to be Captain, vice Campbell.

8th Regiment of Light Dragoons—Lieutenant Cæsar Hawkins, from the 3d dragoon guards, to be Captain of a troop.

To be Lieutenants—Cornet William Hart, from the 28th light dragoons. Cornet Robert M'Carley. Cornet William Sturt, from the 28th light dragoons. Cornet R. Rochfort, from the 10th light dragoons.

14th Ditto—Sir John Cox to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Newby, who retires.

15th Ditto—Captain-Lieutenant James Mansfield to be Captain, without purchase, vice Calcraft, promoted in the 25th light dragoons. Lieutenant Henry Grimes to be Captain-Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Mansfield.

25th Ditto—Captain Granby Thomas Calcraft, from the 15th light dragoons, to be Major, without purchase, vice De Grey, promoted in the 26th light dragoons.

26th Ditto—Major the Hon. George De Grey, from the 25th light dragoons, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Watts, who retires.

1st Regiment of Foot Guards—William Smyth, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Methuen, who retires.

3d Regiment of Foot—George Jones, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Browne, promoted.

4th Ditto—John Learning Firth, to be Ensign, by purshase, vice Williamson, promoted.

9th Ditto—Lieutenant Thomas Darville to be Captain, by purchase, vice Belson, appointed to the 7th light dragoons.

23d Regiment of Foot—Second Lieutenant John Hoggard to be First Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Roberts, promoted in the 62d foot.

24th Ditto—Lieutenant Allan Bellingham to be Captain-Lieutenant, by purchase, vice O'Brien, promoted.

27th Ditto—Henry Vandeleur, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Tuthill, promoted.

30th Ditto—Captain-Lieutenant John Grry, from the 6th dragoon guards, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Bayntum, who exchanges.

46th Ditto—Richard Mytton, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Bell, promoted.

49th Ditto—Ensign Richard Morgan to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Arbuthnot, promoted. William Hill, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Carey, promoted.

60th Ditto—Lieutenant ——— Schulties, from Hompesch's late regiment, to be Lieutenant, without purchase.

69th Ditto—Ensign George Billings to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Little, who retires.

70th Ditto—Quarter-Master Serjeant ——— Smith, to be Quarter-Master, vice Hutchinson, appointed Paymaster.

84th Ditto—Lieutenant Samuel Wright, from the Derby militia, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Anders, promoted.

INVALIDS.

Ensign John Cox to be Lieutenant in Colonel Baillie's Independent Company of Invalids at Jersey.

BREVET.

Colonel Archibald Campbell, of the 8th foot, to be Brigadier-General in the Leeward Islands only.

Colonel John William Augustus Romer, of the 62d foot, to be Brigadier-General in the Leeward Islands only.

South Lennox Troop of the Baldernock Gentlemen and Yeomanry Cavalry.

Charles Stirling, Esq. to be Captain; John Kincaird to be Lieutenant; David Dobbie to be Cornet.

Old Aberdeen Volunteer Infantry.

Lieutenant Alexander Matheson to be Captain; Doctor Gilbert Gerrard to be First Lieutenant; Doctor William Jack to be Second Lieutenant.

New Galloway Volunteers.

John Gordon, Esq. to be Captain-Commandant; William Craig to be First Lieutenant; John Murray to be Second Lieutenant.

Kingsburgh Volunteers.

John Macdonald to be Second Lieutenant.

Port-Patrick Volunteers.

Captain Adam Gordon, on half-pay of the 42d foot, to be Captain; William Hannay to be First Lieutenant; David Gillespie to be Second Lieutenant.

Rosebearty Volunteers.

Lieutenant Thomas Russel, on the half-pay, to be Captain; William Milne to be First Lieutenant; John Cowie to be Second Lieutenant.

Royal Saint Andrews Volunteers.

Captain Cathcart Dempster to be Major, vice Cheap, promoted.

London

MAY 9.

No further intelligence from the fleet under Lord Bridport had reached town this day.

Lord Hugh Seymour is appointed to the Chief Command of his Majesty's ships on the Leeward Island station, in the room of Admiral Harvey.

The last fleet of Indiamen for the present season will be dispatched in the course of next week. They consist of the following ships:

For Coast and Bay—Asia and Charlton.
For Bombay—Woodford and Albion.
For China—The Duke of Buccleugh, Hindoston, Earl of Abergavenny, Hope and Warley.

Letters from Aleppo, advise the death of Mr Abbot, the Company's agent.

The Pope (Pius VI.) departed this life on the 19th of April, in the citadel of Turin, on his way to Briancon, in the mountains of Dauphine, the place appointed for his exile. His infirmities would not permit him to bear the shaking of a carriage, for which reason he was carried in a litter.

Yesterday the Turkey Company gave a dinner to Lord Elgin, on his embassy to the Porte.

The Russian and the English Consuls have been arrested by the French Governor at Leghorn, who suffered the Imperial Consul to remain at liberty.—At Pisa, the French have seized upon all the public money, and carried off several persons of quality as hostages.

Letters from Madrid state, that the Spanish troops upon the frontiers of Portugal have been marched to Corunna, and embarked upon some secret expedition. As a protection against the English, a number of gunboats have been constructed at Barcelona.

Letters from Madrid state the capture, by an English frigate, of the Spanish packet boat the Golondino, near Corunna, valued at 300,000 piastres.

Letters from Barcelona mention, that the Prince of Peace and his Lady, with the Marquis de Branciforte, formerly Viceroy of Mexico, have made a patriotic donation of five millions of piastres to the state.

Epsom races commenced yesterday. The only match that took place worthy of mention, was run by Mr Cookson's Diamond, and a horse called Little Johnny, which was won by the latter.

The sage philosophers of Doctors Commons read, with great complacency, the account of the Superb Galas in the West, and not doubting that they will ultimately produce treasures to these Wise Men of the East!

PORTSMOUTH—May 8.

This afternoon sailed, to join Lord Bridport, the Agincourt, intended for Newfoundland. The Lancaster, having Sir Roger Curtis's flag, and the Sans Pareil are under orders for the same station.

Indeed all other services are to give way to the urgency of the present moment, and there is no doubt that Plymouth is stripped in the same way as Portsmouth.

The Telegraph was at work last night after sunset, and an express arrived this morning from the Admiralty, with orders to use the utmost dispatch in this important business.

Letter from Admiral Harvey, to his Excellency Governor Rickett, at Barbadoes.

Prince of Wales, Fort Royal Bay, Martinique, Feb. 4. 1799.

SIR,

I have to acquaint you for the information of the merchants and planters of Barbadoes, that the convoys for Great Britain this year will sail from Basse-Terre Road, St Christopher's, as follow:—

The first on the 5th May, the second on the 28th June, and the third the 26th July.

The ships and vessels intended to take the benefit of the said convoys must be ready to leave Barbadoes at the times undermentioned:—

For the First convoy	- - -	April 27th.
Second do.	- - -	June 20th.
Third do.	- - -	July 18th.

when the ship of war will be appointed to convoy them to St Christopher's accordingly.

I have the honour to be, &c.

HENRY HARVEY.

HAMBURGH—May 1.

Constance is not taken, and the Austrians dare not, or to speak with more precision, are not in sufficient strength to make any serious attack upon Switzerland. The longer they delay, the more Massena is fortifying himself there, and the greater additions does the Directory make to his army, of all the troops that they are able, on this side of the Loire. The reinforcements which the Archduke receives are not in the same proportion, which makes me apprehensive, as I have already said, that this Prince may meet with great obstacles, and that he will put off the execution of his designs upon that country until the Directory, in order to preserve Scherer, shall oblige Massena to send him 30,000 chosen men.

This period cannot be far distant, for Mantua is already surrounded, and the French are retiring behind the Oglio. Their head-quarters are, it is said, at Lodi, and those of the Austrians at Goito, on the Mincio.—The garrison of Mantua is composed of 10,000 men, consisting of French, Cisalpines, Piedmontese, and Poles. Since the 5th, there has been nothing but feeble engagements of advanced posts. General Klenau continues to make progress in the duchy of Ferrara, and to increase his army by a great number of insurgents who flock to join his standards. The inhabitants of the territory of Mantua, the Brescianese, the Bergamasco, and the Cremonese, in general testify the most favourable dispositions towards the Austrians; they call upon them with loud cries, fly towards them as soon as they appear, and begin already to break out into insurrections at several points.

Letters from Italy assure us that General Macdonald is evacuating the kingdom of Naples with the greatest speed, in order to avoid being placed between two fires; and, in fact, he has no great time left for saving the wreck of his army, which is now reduced to 15,000 men, as very numerous bodies of insurgents are collecting between Naples and Rome, and they have already taken possession of several important posts.

A letter from a Commissary of the Archduke's army, which I have just seen, states, that the French soldiers are very much disgusted, and desert in great numbers, on account of the ill treatment which they receive from their officers; they are in want of every thing in Switzerland. On the very day on which he wrote, the 19th, 29 dragoons, all of them mounted, had come to him; several Swiss had also passed by, to join their worthy countryman, General Hotze, who has already more than 2000 men under his command.

It is not possible to know exactly what is passing in the interior of Switzerland. Commotions certainly prevail there; but the French give themselves little uneasiness on that account, owing to their force. The little town of Eglisau, between Schaffhausen and Waldshut, has also been taken possession of by the Austrians; so that the Rhine is now the limits of the two armies. On the 19th, the enemy again made a fruitless attack between Bregentz and Feldkirch.

The army is increased in Holland by 10,000 men, and a national guard of 30,000 men has been formed.

IMPROVEMENT IN THE ART OF PRINTING.—Mr Cunningham, of Southampton, has discovered a method of making and keeping printing balls, without the smallest taint of that noxious and highly offensive process hitherto made use of. Besides cleanliness, the invention has œconomy to recommend it, as at least half the present expence of this article will be saved; and, what appears extraordinary, the balls in a few minutes may be altered from black to red, or *vice versa*, without the smallest detriment to either colour.

Anecdotes related in the French papers of General Suwarrow.—On his journey to Cracow, he did not alight from his carriage, but called for a glass of brandy and a bason of water. He drank the brandy, and with the cold water washed his face; he was dressed in his shirt, with a cloak over it. At Hazof, where there was an Hungarian regiment, he assembled the officers, kissed them on one cheek, and the Major on both cheeks and his forehead. He called for wine, and drank the health of Frederic II. on his knees, made all the company do the same, while he still continued kneeling, and concluded by a short prayer; he then arose, drank the health of the Emperor, his master, and went into an ice bath, which was always prepared before he arrived at any place. His wardrobe consists of a short white waistcoat, a pair of white breeches, short boots, and a cloak; he has neither uniform nor any military dress whatever, and keeps his head, which is bald, uncovered, even during the time he is travelling.

The average price of Sugar, computed from the returns made in the week ending the 1st day of May 1799, is *Seventy Shillings and Six Pence Halfpenny*, per Cwt. exclusive of the duty of Customs paid or payable thereon on the importation thereof into Great Britain.

BUONAPARTE's EXPEDITION.

Extract of a Letter from Alexandria, written by an Officer of Engineers to his Father.—12 Pluviose.

I was for a moment flattered with the hope of hearing some news from you. An European vessel entered the port a few days ago. She eluded all the vigilance of our guardians. With what impatience did I enquire whence she came, and if she brought any intelligence from France!—With what chagrin did I learn that she had sailed from Italy a considerable time ago, and had no letters from France:—The news, however, which we have thus received, though dated four months back, have all the interest of novelty with men who have been so long shut out from the knowledge of every thing passing in Europe; we are in a manner entirely separated from the political world, and all our views were concentrated, and all our attention absorbed, in the objects that surround us.

We now enter into a new and more enlarged sphere; but find our conjectures of past occurrences during four months only romances and dreams. The events appear to have succeeded each other with so much rapidity, that the scene changes every moment. Russia leagued with the Turks, peace with the English still more distant, France marching an army into Carinthia; and, to assume an imposing attitude with regard to all her enemies, ordering a levy of 200,000 men in a moment Such measures cannot fail to ensure her great success.

Our situation in this country has been constantly the same. It was always very promising, and becomes more and more satisfactory. Our caravans pass every where without difficulty. The conquest of the country is completed. All the important posts are occupied, and the others, which are all incapable of making any resistance, require only to be visited to be reduced. The imposts are raised in every district. The requisitions of horses are carried into effect without any difficulty. Fortifications begin to be erected on every side, and to assume an imposing aspect:—They are the true and only means of doubling and tripling our forces.

The General in Chief is on the eve of undertaking an expedition into Syria, every preparation for which is completing with the greatest activity.

We have formed a legion of dromedaries. They are animals of extraordinary velocity, and are capable of making a journey of 30 leagues a-day; with them the greatest distances soon disappear. Shall we overrun that which separates us from India? This is the only means by which we can take an active part in the war that rages in Europe. In every other respect we should only remain spectators; but this is the last part that Buonaparte has to perform.

It appears that our affairs are in the very best posture with respect to India. Admiral Serci, we are informed, has obtained great advantages; six vessels from Brest have augmented his force, and given him the superiority in these seas. Perhaps it was in consequence of the arrival of this important intelligence that the General in Chief determined to visit Suez, and to make a pretty long residence there. He wished to make himself sufficiently acquainted with all the points to a sufficiently great distance. His curiosity had almost been very dear to France. The flowing of the tide in the Red Sea, which perhaps had not been accurately calculated upon, surrounded him, General Casarelli, and his staff, in the midst of marshes, and they saved themselves with great difficulty.

We have no attack to fear before summer, that being the only season in which a landing can be effected; but our fortifications will then be finished, and the enemy, stopped before Alexandria, wanting water and provisions, in the midst of an arid desert, and under a burning sun, cannot fail to find himself disappointed in all his projects.

The town of Belbeys will arrest the march of the Turks; but enemies so destitute of all knowledge in tactics, doubtless will not have the advantage of attacking us. The General appears resolved to prevent them. He can easily do them so much injury that, under a government so feeble in its resources, and so slow in carrying its measures into execution, it will be impossible to re-establish their army during a whole campaign.

LONDON—May 10.

Nothing further has transpired respecting a reported action between Generals Suwarrow and Moreau in Italy; nor of a further rumour of the French having evacuated the Neapolitan and Roman territories.

Yesterday the King, attended by the Duke of Kent and Lord Harrington, rode through the New Road and Finsbury Square into the city, on horseback, to view the front of the India House. On passing the Royal Exchange, his Majesty was greeted with loud huzzas. After stopping about five minutes before the India House, the King rode over London Bridge, but meeting with a stoppage near the bottom of it, he rode through Tooley Street, Canterbury Square, and the Maize, into St George's Fields, over Westminster Bridge, home.

Yesterday the Prince of Wales attended the celebration at St Paul's for the benefit of the Sons of the Clergy, and afterwards dined with the conductors at Merchant Tailors' Hall.—His Royal Highness was escorted to and from the church by the Artillery Company, of which he is commander. He looked rather pale, but cheerful.

His Royal Highness acted as steward on this benevolent occasion. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Charles Moss, D. D. Canon Residentiary of St Paul's. The text from St Matt. chap. ix. verse 5. "The poor have the gospel preached to them.

Collection at the Rehersal,	-	L. 61	15 6
At the Church at the Anniversary,		238	16 0
Collection at the Hall,	- -	803	15 7
		L. 1104	7 1

The Bishops who attended on this occasion were those of Durham, Winchester, London, Ely, St Asaph, Lincoln, Salisbury, Gloucester, and Norwich, and a great number of the clergy.

St Paul's Church was so crowded before nine o'clock in the morning, that here was hardly a place reserved at ten but for the Royal suite.

The whole of the service was conducted in a very grand and impressive stile. It was not over till half past three.

His Royal Highness was dressed in the uniform of the Tenth Light Dragoons, of which he is Colonel.

The concourse of people assembled in Cheapside to see him pass to Merchant Tailor's Hall was as great as on a Lord Mayor's day. The prince at dinner partook only of five or six glasses of wine. He retired about 8 o'clock, much gratified with the reception he met.

HOUSE OF LORDS—May 9.

Their Lordships proceeded further in hearing and examining witnesses on Campbell's divorce bill—when, after a full investigation in support of the same, and after hearing witnesses against it,

The Bishop of ROCHESTER moved, That no more witnesses be examined; which being agreed to, his Lordship again moved, That the Counsel attending on behalf of the defendant should briefly sum up his defence, and the case then revert to their Lordships Tribunal.

Lord CARLISLE was of opinion, that Counsel should also be heard on the part of the plaintiff, to which the House concurring,

The Bishop of ROCHESTER, in a speech of very considerable length, took a review not merely of the whole case, but of the manner in which the bill was opposed. On the latter part he dwelt with unusual severity, and lashed not only at this crime, which he stated had reached to a most gigantic height, but at the audacity with which the individual who was the criminal agent in this transaction appeared before that House.

His Lordship, with much pointed language continued his remarks, and drew an applicable distinction between the evidence given by Major Hook in this matter and what Major Hook would give in a case where he might not be so dearly and so nearly concerned; a reflection which was quite sufficient in itself to excite suspicion of the truth of all he alledged in the lady's defence.

Counsel then proceeded in the usual forms to recapitulate their evidence, and being ordered to withdraw, a few observations fell from Lord Kenyon; and, on the motion of the Bishop of Rochester, the bill was ordered to be read a third time.

His Royal Highness the Duke of CLARENCE said it was his intention of submitting a motion to their Lordships on the subject of the Slave Trade; but learning, since he came down to the House, from a Noble Secretary, that in fact his motion would be unnecessary, he

should reserve himself for some other opportunity;—he trusted, however, that Counsel would be heard at their Lordship's bar on the part of the West India merchants, who were entitled to every consideration which that House could bestow.

HOUSE OF COMMOMS—May 9.

BUDGET.

Mr PITT gave notice, that on Monday the 27th May inst. he should bring forward the statements of Supply and Ways and Means for the service of the year.

After the holidays, he should bring forward a motion respecting the salaries of the Judges, and for an allowance in case of their retiring.

REPORT OF THE SECRET COMMITTEE.

The House in a Committee on the bill for considering further the Report of the Secret Committee.

Mr ABBOT rose, and in pursuance of notice given, stated he should, from the nature of the report then before the Committee, propose a measure for the public safety, which he trusted would meet the concurrence of that House. It was a fact too notorious to be denied or refuted, that in the present tremendous system of treason which stalked abroad, many of the wealthier part of the community, deeply infected with the mania of Jacobinism, excited and comforted with pecuniary aid those whose humbler situations in life were precluded from having such advantages as their wealthier coadjutors; who putting the poor and the desperate in the front, lurked secretly behind the scene, and upheld rebellion with unseen hands.

The proposition he meant to submit had the approbation of persons whose talents rendered them competent judges; and with their consent, justified by the necessity of the times, he brought it forward. He then moved, "That it be a resolution of this Committee that leave be given to bring in a bill to repeal so much of the acts of the 7th of Anne, and the 17th of Geo. II. as limits the forfeitures in cases of treason, and to extend the same."

Dr. LAWRENCE not being prepared to enter specifically into a refutation of any of the points argued so strongly by the Hon. Member, confined himself with observing, that he thought the present existing treasons, which he deprecated, did not require this step. He observed, laws of this kind never prevented treason, laws never ruled enthusiasts, besides they had means of alienating. Retributions, therefore, would be unequal, and would serve only to put determined partizans upon their guard to evade such a law. In short, he was of opinion, that the blind zeal of modern anarchists was not to be prevented, much less to be punished by such a law.

The MASTER of the ROLLS vindicated the necessity, the policy, and the wisdom of the measure. He supported the motion, and argued a *fortiori*, if these laws were found necessary in times when treason never reached the Royal Person, how much more necessary now, when the very life of our beloved Sovereign was attempted by infuriated jacobinism.

Mr JONES was of opinion, that driving Frenchmen out of the kingdom would have a better effect than this law; and, in support of his doctrine, quoted the instructions given to General Humbert, as mentioned in the Report of the Secret Committee, who was to be aided by all the French residents in the kingdom.

The Report was brought up, and on the motion of Mr Pitt, this Committee was appointed to sit again this day fortnight.

On the question being put for the third reading of the Sedition Bill,

General WALPOLE opposed it, urging as a reason, because it was founded on the Report of the Secret Committee. He then entered into a numerous detail of it as relating to General Humbert's instructions, particularly in the comical orders he is supposed to receive for fording rivers, where his men were to hold each others skirts and muskets, and by a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether, pull over whole regiments at once; and again that their horses were to cross in the same manner; that is, said the General rather archly, pulling each other by the skirts. And again, that his men were never to carry more than four rations of provision, but with a double ration of brandy, the whole of which they were to drink the moment they landed. That is, said the General again, that the moment their services should be required they should be incapable of performing them.

He then seriously looked at the treasury Bench, and expressed his astonishment how the Chancellor of the Exchequer, or his Majesty's grave Solicitor, and still graver Attorney General could countenance such a ludicrous imposition upon their reason and sense.

The SOLICITOR GENERAL replied; the bill was read a third time. A clause was added by Mr Pitt; it was then passed, and ordered to the Lords.—Adjourned.

The strange accounts respecting Buonaparte in Egypt that appear in the Vienna Court Gazette, and in the article from Constantinople, may puzzle the most acute speculators:—Not a single date is mentioned to guide us through the maze of uncertainty and improbability which they present to our view.

We are desired to believe, that under all the difficulties with which he has had to struggle, difficulties that were reasonably expected to have annihilated him and his army, he has gained successes only to have been looked for from troops in full health and well supplied. Private letters received by the India Company say, he has obtained possession of Jerusalem. It is imagined that Damascus, and all Syria, will fall into his hands. Palestine is a wretched place, but the neighbourhood of Damascus is one of the finest countries in the world; and if he can establish the people of Mount Lebanon, &c. as an independent State, they may form a strong barrier against the armies of the Porte. Other private letters add, that the Divan tremble, even in Constantinople; the consternation and terror there exceed belief; they fear Buonaparte will revolutionize all their Asiatic dominions, and attack the very seat of Empire.

Letters from Italy assure us, that General Macdonald is evacuating the kingdom of Naples with the greatest speed, in order to avoid being placed between two fires; and, in fact, he has no great time left for saving the wreck of his army, which is now reduced to 15,000 men, as very numerous bodies of insurgentss are collecting between Naples and Rome, and they have already taken possession of several important posts.

A very affecting circumstance happened lately at the Foundling Hospital. A boy and a girl who had been admitted rather later than the usual period, after having been some months in the place, met and knew each other to be brother and sister. The agony of joy at this recognition is not be expressed. The Governors, with the humanity which peculiarly marks the conduct of that excellent Institution, ordered that every possible indulgence should be shewn to them, and that they should be suffered to be with each other every day, to confirm that sense of kindred from which otherwise they would most probably have been for ever excluded.

LLOYD's MARINE LIST—May 10.

THE Trusty, Prouse, from Poole to Newfoundland, has been taken by a French privateer, and retaken by a Jersey privateer.

The Astrea, Tinkham, from Liverpool to Boston, is put back to Cork, after having had an engagement with two privateers.

The Charles and Henry, Bully, from Plymouth to Hamburgh, is lost on the coast of Holland.

The Neptune, Perry, from London to Stockton, is taken and carried into Bergen.

The Jonge Berend, Claason, Ocken, from Newcastle to Norden, is carried into Ostend, and condemned there.

The Vrow Clazina, Blom, from Dover to Lisbon, is lost on Figueira bar, after being captured by a privateer.

The Friends Goodwill, Burwood, from Aldbro' to London, is taken off Harwich by a lugger privateer.

The Hope, Mellanby, from London to Fayal and New York, was taken the 24th January by a French privateer.

The Caroline, Cook, from London to Charlestown, is taken and carried into Teneriffe.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 7.—Hamburgh, 1.
Due—Ireland 2.—Hamburgh 0.

WINDS AT DEAL,
May 7, E. by S.—8, S. S. E.—9, S. W.

—*STOCKS*—

BANK STOCK	138⅜	137¾	138	INDIA STOCK	169½
3 *per cent. con.*	55⅛	⅜		*Long Ann.*	15¾ 3-16
4 *per cent. con.*	69½	⅞		*Short ditto,*	6 1-16
5 *per cent. ann.*	86¼	½		*Omnium*	

This day, (May 10.) at twelve o'clock—3 *per cent. red.* —3 *per cent. con.* 54⅛ ⅜ ⅞

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—MAY 13.

Lord Bridport's fleet were off Cape Clear on Friday 3d, at which time the French squadron had not made their appearance. Our fleet had taken a French lugger, with dispatches on board from the Minister of Marine to the Commander in Chief of their squadron.

If the dispatches thus intercepted are genuine, they prove beyond doubt that the destination of the hostile fleet is for Ireland; if, however, the French lugger was thrown in the way on purpose to be captured, it is to be apprehended they are bound to some other part of the world in which they deem us more vulnerable. Lord Bridport had so disposed his fleet, stretching away to the westward, that he thinks it impossible for the enemy to escape him, should his real object be Ireland.

Reckoning upon his Lordship's position, and the high state of preparation in which we find the sister kingdom, we are rather inclined to wish that the French may have no other destination than their captured dispatches intimate, as in that case we fully trust they will soon have to experience such new discomfiture and disgrace, as will completely disable them from injuring this country in future.

Great preparations are making at all the ports to send out reinforcements of ships in every direction.

SPECULATION.

To the important inquiry of the day, Where has the Brest fleet gone for? we are are still unable to give an answer. Politicians are racking their brains, anxious to shew their depth of penetration, by fixing the place of their destination. Yesterday's London Courier, in speculating upon this subject, says,—They are not bound for Ireland, because they have not enough of troops, and Lord BRIDPORT is there with a strong squadron, &c.—They are not bound to Portugal, because they might be blocked up there, and they might as well invade that province by land.—They are not bound to the Mediterranean, because they would be overpowered by the superior united fleets of Britains, Turks, and Russians.—They are not bound to the West Indies, because they would arrive there at the worst season, and it would be too generous for the Directory to send such an armament merely to give liberty to the blacks.

Thus far, with some other particulars, does this sagacious observer proceed in the *negative* style. He next comes to the *positive*, and with a degree of unequalled penetration, fixes the place of their destination, the precise days of arrival at different places, their whole progress, success, and finally brings them safely back to Brest harbour after a prosperous voyage.—He might have added, *provided the British fleet will permit all this.*

As this article is truly novel, we present it to our readers in the writer's own words:

THE DESTINATION.

"The fleet, consisting (as some say) of 24 sail of the line and 10 frigates, gets out of port on the 25th of April—puts to sea—renders the junction of every reinforcement impracticable—avoids the combination of the fleets of Lords Bridport and St Vincent—touches at the Brazils about the beginning of June, raises contributions there, takes in wood, water, and provisions, sails, doubles the Cape of Good Hope, finds the Monsoon favourable, takes all the vessels it meets on their way home from India, comes to anchor by the 20th of July at the Isle of France, lays in water and provisions, gets once more under weigh on the 25th of July, and arrives at Succotora about the 15th of August.

"A northwest wind prevails in the Red Sea—the two small French squadrons which preceded this great fleet have proceeded to Suez, and have taken on board 15,000 of Buonaparte's army, consisting of a French division of 10,000 men, and 5000 of the troops raised in Egypt—the junction of these squadrons take place about the 20th of August—they arrive off Bombay by the 1st of September, just at the time when the Monsoon is about to terminate.

"Twenty thousand men are afterwards landed at Mangalore; Tippoo declares himself, the fleet attacks Trincomale, and blocks up the mouths of the Ganges, the coalesced Princes of India march against Bengal, Syria is occupied, Kleber is master of Aleppo, nothing can penetrate to India by land or by sea.

"When the Monsoon recommences, the fleet returns to Europe, but first escorts into the Red Sea the wealth it has seized: The valuable commodities are transported to Alexandria, where they are laid up in magazines until an opportunity occurs of conducting them in safety to the ports of France.

"The fleet, pursuing its course, stops successively at the Isle of France, perhaps the Cape, then the Brazils, and arrives at Cadiz; if necessary, it obtains a reinforcement at this last port to enable it to reach Brest, where it arrives after an 18 months voyage.

"From the above sketch it will be seen that the French Minister of Marine was right when he said, some time ago, that the least delay would occasion the failure of the expedition, since the fleet has barely time enough to arrive in India before the end of the Monsoon. It appears also, that the immense number of prizes which are expected in the voyage may have given rise to the promise made to the sailors that they should have one third of the value of the captures."

There is some ingenuity in the above suppositions, but we trust the scheme of the enemy, whatever it be, will again be completely frustrated by British heroism.

FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—May 10.

The bill for building a bridge over the Tweed at Kelso was read a second time, and ordered to be referred to a Committee, consisting of the Members for Scotland.

Mr BRAGG brought up the Report of the Committee on his Majesty's Message, respecting a pension to Sir James Mariot, which was agreed to, and a bill ordered to be brought in accordingly.

On the motion of LORD ADVOCATE, the Scots colliers combination bill was read a third time and passed.

The Committee on the Scotch militia bill was deferred to Wednesday se'ennight.

The Scotch small note bill went through the Committee. The Report was immediately received, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

The bill for rendering the payment of creditors more expeditious, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, was read a third time and passed.—Adjourned to Monday se'ennight.

DUBLIN, May 9.

The last accounts of Lord Bridport stated, that his Lordship, with his fleet were seen cruizing off the head of Kinsale.

The people of Ireland must feel infinite consolation in the attention paid to their defence by the English fleet, through the judicious directions of the British Government.

The above fleet is by this time a most formidable force, from the many vessels of war that have joined since the account of the sailing of the French fleet was known.

Various rumours and conjectures obtain, respecting the destination of the French fleet, which naturally excite the greatest interest and anxiety in the public mind; the prevailing and most probable opinion being, that it failed for this country. Yesterday, it was reported, that both fleets were in view of each other, and that several British ships had made to the windward, and prevented the enemy's returning into Brest. However, it is plain, that all these reports are a good deal unfounded, while we hourly expect some authentic accounts of a decisive action.

By a letter received yesterday in town from a respectable gentleman at Kerry, we learn, that a heavy cannonading was heard at sea off that coast a few days ago, at nine o'clock in the morning, which did not cease until four in the afternoon. If there should have been an engagement in that quarter, it must have happened between some of our frigates, and those of the enemy.

A letter we received from Fermoy yesterday, mentions, that some emissaries of the French had been apprehended there, who were conveying intelligence to Republican anarchists in the south, that the enemy designed to attempt an immediate landing, and requesting all the assistance they were able to muster.

This country deservedly gives the greatest confidence to the measures of effectual defence adopted by the wisdom and experience of his Excellency Marquis CORNWALLIS, to meet any attempt of the perfidious enemy. The most experienced Commanders have been sent to the several districts—The Commissary General, and other officers of that department, have been dispatched to provide stores and depots of provision, ammunition, &c. the fortifications have been put in the most perfect and effigient state, under the inspection of General BARBER.

General MOORE, commanding Athlone garrison, which contains nearly six thousand military, and other commanders, have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to march, or act at a moment's warning.—The gross amount of the army and yeomanry, in this kingdom, is stated at 130,000, and a very considerable force is in perfect readiness in the sister country, to be sent hither, if necessary.

The Court of Session meets to-morrow.

WILLIAM BANNATYNE M'LEOD of Kames, Esq. advocate, is appointed one of the ordinary Judges in the Court of Session, in the room of the late Lord SWINTON. The Justiciary gown is not yet settled.

We have had a continuance of very severe weather, and for many days almost incessant rains. Owing to these circumstances we presume, the prices of grain have advanced in all the markets, for it is an admitted fact that there is plenty in the country, so there can be no plea of scarcity.—From many districts of the country, we are informed however that very little rain has fallen with them, and that vegetation yet promises well. It is therefore expected the markets will soon experience a reduction.

On Wednesday, a gentleman had his pocket cut in a shop in Trongate, Glasgow, and his pocket-book containing twenty-five pounds in bank notes carried off.

The following extraordinary story is related on the authority of the late Lord Orford: Lord —— being out of town, his house was left in charge of a female servant; a letter came to say that his Lordship would be in town on such a day, and desiring that the plate might be got ready the evening before. The servant took the letter to my Lord's brother, who said there was no doubt of the hand-writing. The banker expressed the same certainty, and delivered the plate. The servant being apprehensive of thieves, spoke to their butcher, who lent her a stout dog, which was shut up in the room with the plate. Next morning a man was found dead in the room, his throat being torn out by the dog; and upon examination it proved to be my Lord's brother. The matter was carefully hushed, and a report spread that he was gone abroad.

HULL—May 10.

The ships for Lisbon and Oporto, that were to have sailed from hence the 5th inst. are detained here by contrary winds and foggy weather.

The fleet for Hamburgh and Bremen are expected to sail to-morrow, under convoy of the Tisiphone sloop of war, which returns here to convoy the Archangel ships that sail about the 20th instant.

Several ships for Koningsberg, Dantzig, and Memel, sail from hence under convoy of the Vestal frigate next tide, if wind is fair.

A convoy for the ships loading here for Petersburgh will sail about the 20th instant.

The next convoy for Hamburgh, it is expected, will sail from hence in about three weeks.

BAIL IN SCOTLAND.

In the bill now going through Parliament for regulating the bail to be taken in Scotland, the following scale has been adopted in the House of Commons:

Bonds of Noblemen,	L. 1200
Landed Men,	600
Gentlemen Burghers,	300
Inferior Persons,	60

DIED

On Sunday evening at his Lordship's house in Upper Grosvenor Street, London, the Right Hon. the Countess of DUMFRIES.

At Midgarty in the county of Sutherland, Mrs Captain BAIGNEE, in the 39th year of her age, much and justly regretted.

At Inverness, the 4th curt. Mr ALEXANDER CHISHOLM, merchant there.

On the 18th April, at Brighton, where she went for the recovery of her health, Miss JANE ARMSTRONG, daughter of the late Thomas Armstrong, merchant in Glasgow.

Mr Horne Tooke's income is the most *accommodating* circumstance about that Gentleman. In election times it affords him a qualification as a Member of Parliament, but in the days of contribution it is below that of a day-labourer.—*Under Sixty Pounds per annum!*

"'Tis somewhat of the least, Master Matthew."

It is said that 4000 of the French soldiers in Egypt have been rendered *blind* by the diseases of the country. We conceive that when they quitted France for such an expedition, they did not *see clearly*.

The late Lord HARBOROUGH, we are assured by an Irish friend, had *one* son and *one* daughter by *three* wives.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

May 11. Christie and Jean, Wallace, from Carron, goods—Isabella, Hunter, from North Berwick, grain.—Dispatch, Taylor, from Limekilns, goods—Lady Mary Anne, Cargill, from Arbroath, ditto.

CLEARED OUT.

Nancy, Hempseed, for Greenock—Friends Adventure, Pashby, for Newcastle—Roxburgh Packet, Taylor, for London—Ceres Laws, for London—Edinburgh Packet, Wilson, for Hull—all with goods.——Wind E. N. E. moderate.

LONDON—ENTERED INWARDS.

May 8. Perth and Dundee, Success, Bakinghall.

CLEARED OUTWARDS.

May 8. Berwick, Addison, Nesbit.—Perth, Bridport Packet, Wishart.—Aberdeen, Perseverance, Wilson.

SERMON FOR THE BLIND.

The Anniversary SERMON, for the Benefit of the Industrious Blind, is to be preached on Friday next, the 17th, in St Andrew's Church, at twelve noon, by the Rev. Dr GEORGE HILL of St Andrew's.—The Directors acknowledge, with much gratitude, the countenance and support which they have hitherto received from a benevolent Public, and they flatter themselves that they will again meet with it on the ensuing anniversary. They have now on their establishment twenty-two males and three females, and as their funds increase a greater number will be admitted. The Blind have now made great proficiency in *weaving Cotton Cloth, in making Mattresses* and *Baskets* of all sorts, in *working Fishing Nets*, and *Mats* for lying at doors to clean the shoes.—The weekly expenditure in wages is about 6l.—In this manner a number of unfortunate people earn a comfortable subsistence, and from being a burden have become useful members of society.

MAN SERVANT

Wanted for a Gentleman,

A SERVANT who can comb hair, and ride with his master. None need take the trouble of applying, but those who can bring good recommendations for honesty and sobriety.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Cornelius Murray, hairdresser, Rose Street, Edinburgh.

N. B. He is to attend a Gentleman only, and will be on board wages. He will also have a man in the stable, and a footman boy under him.——Not to be repeated.

WANTED TO BORROW,

AT THIS TERM,

A SUM from EIGHT HUNDRED to FIFTEEN HUNDRED POUNDS.

ALSO, A Sum from 250 l. to 300l.

For both Heritable Security will be given.

Apply to Messrs Renton and Callender, writers, Gosford's Court.

TO BE SOLD,

THE HOUSE, No. 5, North Charlotte Street, consisting of a sunk Floor and two Storeys immediately above, with four rooms and closets on each.

For particulars, apply to Thomas Overston, upholsterer, Leith Terrace.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

To be SOLD by auction, on Thursday the 23d May current,

SEVERAL Articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, in No. 8, Hill Street.—The sale to begin at eleven o'clock.

SALE OF LANDS IN ZETLAND.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Town-house of Lerwick, on Wednesday the 14th day of August 1799, at twelve o'clock noon,

THE Twenty Merk Udal Lands of HASCASSEY, comprising the whole of the island of that name, (excepting four merk lands) with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Mydell, lordship of Zetland, and stewartry of Orkney and Zetland.

Hascassey, which is about two miles in length, and of various breadths, is one of the Zetland Islands, and is remarkably well situated for fishings, there being a safe anchorage for ships of any burden in the sound of Hascassey, and a commodious beach on the island, well adapted to the drying and curing of fish. The shore likewise produces a considerable quantity of sea-ware, which yields about eight tons of kelp every third year.

For further particulars, apply to James Thomson, writer to the signet, North Castle Street, Edinburgh, or Henry Ross, writer in Lerwick.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

BARROWFIELD ESTATE, NEAR GLASGOW.

To be SOLD, by public roup, within the Tontine Tavern in Glasgow, on Thursday the 6th day of June next, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE ONE HALF, *pro indiviso*, of the LANDS and ESTATE of BARROWFIELD and OTHERS, belonging to the Sequestrated Estate of James Dunlop, late of Garnkirk.

These Lands consist in whole of about 171 acres, of which about fourteen have been feued; and the present rent is as follows:—

Land Rent	L. 518 5 4	
Feus and a Cotter's House	197 15 6	
Brick-fields	72 17 0	
Ground for Dunghills	7 0 0	
Miln Rent	52 10 0	
Fixed Coal Rent	150 0 0	
	L. 998 7 10	
Deduct Cess	7 10 3	
Teind and other public burdens	51 3 10	
	58 14 1	
Free Rent	L. 939 13 9	

The Coal Rent is only stated in the above at 150l. but when the Coal begins to be wrought, which is in daily expectation, a very large rise will certainly take place, as it will then be paid by a Lordship, which depends on the output, but in no event can be less than the above; and, when the tack expires, a very considerable farther advance may be expected.

The vicinity of these lands to the city of Glasgow, renders them exceedingly valuable, as great part of them may be expected to be feued in a few years to much advantage, as the last feu which was given, being for about an acre and a half, was at 25l. per acre.

The upset price is fixed at L. 10,000.

For farther particulars, application may be made to Gilbert Hamilton, merchant in Glasgow, trustee on Mr Dunlop's estate; John Leckie, writer in Glasgow; or James Davidson, W. S. Edinburgh.

The articles of roup and progress of writs are to be seen in the hands of the said John Leckie, who will give directions for shewing the lands to intending purchasers.

INCOME ACT.

Whereas doubts have arisen upon the effect of the ſchedule A, annexed to cap. 13, 39th Geo. III. commonly called the INCOME ACT;—a caſe was laid before Lord Advocate and Mr Solicitor General, for their opinion, "If one-fourth of the income of the 'land-owners, ariſing from the lands in the occupation of te-'nants at rack-rent, was to be deducted from the groſs rent of 'ſaid lands?"—upon which caſe, Lord Advocate and Mr Solicitor, after conſidering the amended act, cap. 22. 39th Geo. III. which laſt act expreſsly repeals all the ſchedules in the firſt recited act, were decidedly of opinion, that the income of the land-owner ſhall be taken to be the full amount of the rent payable to him by the tenant, without any deduction of a one-fourth. But from which groſs rent, the land-tax, feu-duty, miniſter's ſtipend, if payable by the land-owner, per centage on repairs, &c. and the actual expences of collecting the rents, as more particularly mentioned in the ſchedules annexed to the ſaid laſt act, *will fall to be deducted.*

April 22. 1799.

TO THE ASTHMATIC AND CONSUMPTIVE,

AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH COUGHS AND COLDS.

Cundell's Improved Balſam of Honey,

Prepared only by

HENRY CUNDELL, CHYMIST AND DRUGGIST,

No. 47, Minories, London,

SANCTIONED by public approbation, encouraged by an extenſive ſale, and convinced of its peculiar ſafety and unequalled efficacy, the Proprietor has the ſatisfaction to announce his having recovered many perſons from a moſt precarious and dangerous ſtate of health, and that in caſes, where thoſe who have been moſt ſanguine in their expectations, have poſitively forſaken their hopes of relief. In

COMMON COLDS,

this medicine produces ſo ſalutary a perſpiration, that they generally are eradicated in a few hours.

Coughing, being prolonged by that convulſive ſymptom termed the tickling in the throat; it ſhortens their duration by promoting ſleep and ſtrengthening the conſtitution.

PULMONARY COMPLAINTS, affecting the Breaſt and Lungs; thoſe affected with them experience an almoſt immediate relief.

—ASTHMAS AND CONFIRMED CONSUMPTIONS have repeatedly ſubſided through its effects on the conſtitution.

Too much cannot be ſaid in its favour, but what proves its innocence as well as virtue is, that infants in

THE HOOPING COUGH,

and women during pregnancy, may take it without the leaſt fear of danger, and with the greateſt expectation of relief, nor can it be adminiſtered in an improper ſeaſon.

CUNDELL's IMPROVED BALSAM OF HONEY is grateful to the ſtomach, vivifying to the ſpirits, and ſo powerful a reſtorative, that its happy effects are unparalleled in the Annals of Medicine—truths that are confirmed by the teſtimony of the afflicted themſelves, who have gratefully and generouſly ſtood forward in ſupport of this Medicine.

Sold in bottles of 11s. 6d.—5s. 5d.—and 2s. 6d.

BY

J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouſe, South Bridge Edinburgh,
J. Mennons, Glaſgow,
A. M'Donald, Glaſgow,
Morriſon and Son, Perth,
J. Allen, Dundee,
J. Anderſon, Aberdeen,
Tho. Wright, Stirling,
J. Blyth, Leven,
R. Dickſon, Dumfries,
A. Barry, Paiſley,
P. Craigie, Montroſe,
J. Palmer, Kelſo,
J. Dempſter, Cupar.

CAUTION.

The Public are particularly requeſted to aſk for CUNDELL's IMPROVED BALSAM OF HONEY, and none can be genuine, but what are ſigned by him at the bottom of each Pamphlet.

GOWLAND's LOTION FOR THE FACE AND SKIN,

At the Warehouſe, No. 55, Long Acre, London.

THE reputation of GOWLAND's LOTION having been ſo completely eſtabliſhed by its efficacy alone, without any adventitious aids, Mr DICKENSON, the ſole Proprietor of the ORIGINAL RECIPE, might have remained fully gratified with its invariable ſucceſs, and daily increaſing ſale, from private recommendations, had he not felt it his duty to take every means for making generally known an article of ſuch public benefit. From the extenſive uſe of this Medicine, a red, pimply, or eruptive face is now ſcarce to be ſeen, to the great relief of the feelings of thoſe who had been ſo afflicted, a many too frequently experienced, that amiableneſs of manner was no counterpoiſe for a diſguſting appearance, and others that the moſt rigid temperance could not preſerve them from the ſtigma of being votaries of exceſs. It is an infallible remedy for every diſeaſe incident to the ſkin; as, by gently opening the pores, it totally eradicates all kinds of blemiſhes from the face, hands, &c. whether occaſioned by heats, ſurfeits, or ariſing from the moſt violent cutaneous, miſcalled ſcorbutic, eruptions, or from any other cauſe whatever; at the ſame time rendering the ſkin ſoft, clear, and tranſparent, and thereby improving the complexion; for a proof of which, ſee a pamphlet (to be had gratis of every vender) on the Nature of Cutaneous Eruptions, and containing a number of teſtimonials of the efficacy of this Medicine from many perſons of credit, rank, and character, and to which the following among many recent proofs may be added:

To Mr DICKINSON, No. 55, *Long Acre.*

SIR, My ſon informs me, that he wrote to you for a Box of your Lotion, but your rule being not to ſend any out previous to a remittance of the money, and his caſe requiring a ſpeedy remedy, he purchaſed *two pint bottles in the country, from which he received ſo much benefit* as to induce me to incloſe a Hull bank bill for a guinea box, which pleaſe to ſend immediately, directed for John Tuttill, ſen. Hook, nigh Howden, Yorkſhire.

Nov. 30. 1798.

Sold as above, by the Proprietor, in Quarts, 8. 6d.; Pints, 5s. 3d. Guinea caſes, containing Five Pints, ſent to order, and warranted to arrive ſafe in any part of Great Britain.

It is alſo ſold by

Mr BAXTER, Italian Warehouſe, South Bridge,

Meſs. Huſband and Elder, Mr Smith, Mr Spence, Mr Keltie, Mr Raeburn, and Mr Murray, Edinburgh, and by every reputable Medicine Vender in Europe.

*** To guard the unwary againſt artful impoſitions, Mr DICKINSON deems it neceſſary to ſtate, that he has not appointed any SPECIAL VENDER, but ſupplies Medicine Dealers as uſual, from his Warehouſe in Long Acre, who, as well as the Public at large, will pleaſe to obſerve, that a LABEL is paſted on every bottle which is GENUINE, ſigned by his name and in his handwriting; and that One Hundred Pounds reward will be paid on the conviction of counterfeit and forgery of his ſignature.

THE GENUINE DISTINGUISHED FROM COUNTERFEITS *By the King's Patent.*

MR R. JOHNSTON, Apothecary, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, aware of the depredations made on every Public Medicine of eſtabliſhed repute and extenſive ſale, reſpectfully informs the Nobility, Gentry, and Public, he has obtained the King's Patent for his Invention, not to *recommend* but to *diſtinguiſh* WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD from ſpurious imitations.

Five years have now elapſed ſince Mr Johnſton firſt made known to the world this very extraordinary Medicine. During this ſhort period its efficacy has been ſo clearly demonſtrated that its ſale has infinitely exceeded any former example. Comparatively, there are few families which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects; and with heartfelt ſatisfaction he has the happineſs to declare WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD has cured more perſons afflicted with *Rheumatiſm, Gout, Lumbago, Palſy, Complaints of the Stomach,* and other *Painful Maladies,* than all the medicines ever before made public. It has obtained the approbation of many eminent men of the Faculty, and honoured with the unſolicited ſupport and recommendation of the firſt families in the kingdom.

As the bottles, boxes, labels, and bills of directions of this original medicine are cloſely copied, and the words "By Royal Authority," artfully ſubſtituted for the words "By the King's Patent," it may elude common obſervation: Mr Johnſton therefore recommends the afflicted to be particular in the purchaſe.

Whitehead's Eſſence of Muſtard, is prepared and ſold, in Pills and in a fluid ſtate, at 2s. 9d. each box or bottle, by the Inventor, R. Johnſton, apothecary and chemiſt, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, London. It is diſtinguiſhed from counterfeits "By the King's Patent," and the ſignature "R. Johnſton," in his own hand-writing, on each label; ſold alſo by his appointment, by ANDREW SMITH, No. 38. North Bridge, Huſband, Elder, and Co. R. Scott, apothecary, Wm. Raeburn, and T. Spence, Edinburgh; Phorſon, Berwick; Allan, Dundee; Inglis and Dixſon, Dumfries; M'Intoſh & Co. Inverneſs; Craigie, Montroſe; Cave, Banff; Mitchell, Aberdeen; Mennons and M'Donald, Glaſgow.

CHILBLAINS.

N. B. The Fluid Eſſence immediately allays their tormenting itching, and will aſſuredly prevent them from breaking, even when turned quite black; and if uſed according to the directions, will abſolutely cure them by three or four applications.

Subſcriptions in the Pariſh of CRAIL.

David Brown, after his taxes, a free gift	L.	1	13 0
Andrew Huggan		1	0 0
John Rutherford		0	7 0
Mrs Trotter, Walter Henderſon, James Calder, A. M'Kenzie, Jeanie Hamilton, Margaret Williamſon, James Laidlaw, Mark Aitkin, Thomas Douglas, George Young—5s. each		2	10 0
Margaret Brown, Betty Annus, Adam Cray, Janet Arthur, George Fouline, James Gray, J. Young, blackſmith; John Anderſon, J. Kerr—2s. 6d. each		1	2 6
John Laidlaw, Crailing-manſe; Iſabel Ramſay, there; Mary Elliot, Alex. Rutherford, Wm. Telfer, John Moffat, Mark Turnbull—2s. each		0	14 0
James Ormiſton		0	1 6
Wm. Rae, John Turnbull, Iſabel Wilſon, Andrew Rutherford, John Smart, John Cumming, John Cumming, jun. George Lee, John Oliver, Andrew Scott, Jean Brown, Iſabel Laing, George Dryden, Andrew Kerr, Mary Grierſon, Margaret Turnbull, Wm. Rutherford—1s. each		0	17 0
Agnes Laing, John Smith—6d. each		0	1 0
	L.	8	2 6

Subſcriptions in the Pariſh of DUNNET.

The Rev. Mr Thomas Jolly	L.	3	0 0
Mrs Jolly		1	0 0
Mrs Eliz. Oliphant		1	1 0
Samuel Burton, D. & C. Volunteers		3	0 0
Mrs Burton		1	0 0
Mrs Hallier		1	0 0
Wm. Murray, overſeer at Greenland		0	10 0
Mrs Murray		0	6 0
Wm. Murray; George Trail, a ſchoolboy; Benjamin Moodie, ditto; Tho. Moodie, ditto—5s. each		1	0 0
John Bean in Reaſter		0	2 6
Mrs A. Sutherland in Barroch; Alexander Water in Inkſtack; Matthew Water, ditto; Donald Murray in Reaſter; John Calder in Hollandmake—2s. each		0	10 0
James Murray, Dunnet; John Nicholſon, there—1s. 6d. each		0	3 0
John Murray, a ſchoolboy; Wm. Jolly, ditto; W. Sinclair, ſervant to Mr Sinclair, Freſwick; John Smith, Kirkdall; Donald Calder, ſchoolmaſter; John Oliver, ſhoemaker, Kirkſtyle; Margaret Swanſton, Dunnet; Wm. Taylor, there; James M'Kenzie, there; Richard Brotchie, maſon, there; David Sutherland, piper, there; James Brotchie, Weſtſide; Donald Calder, Eaſtſide; John Spence, Kirkſtyle; Magnus Swanſton, tenant in Lochend; Niel Leach, there; George Brodie, ſervant to Freſwick; Donald Water, tailor in Barroch; Peggy Sutherland, Barroch; Euphemia Sutherland, ditto; George Swanſton, there; Donald Bailie, wright, Inkſtack; David Angus, Grotiſtoft; George M'Beath, Barroch; James Gair, cottager; Andrew Manſon, ditto; James Manſon, weaver; Alexander Smith, cottager; James Coaghill, in Reaſter; John Forbes, ditto; James Robſon, in Greenland; Alex. Nicol, ditto; George Durrand, in ditto—1s. each		1	13 0
Grizel Coupar, ſervant to Mr Jolly; Helen Sutherland, ditto; James Banks, ditto; David Calder, Kirkſtyle; John M'Kay, ſmith, Dunnet; Alex. Jackſon, there; James Trail Jolly, a child; J. Steven, Greenland; Magnus Steven, ditto; John Laurie, Weſtſide; Wm. Wallace, Lunnigo; Jn. Calder, junior, Weſtſide; David Calder, at the Loch; Charles Malcom, in Lochend; Da. Coghill, in ditto; John Mowat, in ditto; George Dunnet, in ditto; Malcom Banks, James Sutherland, ſervant; John Sutherland, ditto; James More, Finace; James Miller, ditto; John Angus, ſervant; John Ronaldſon, Lunnigo; George Swanſton, Inkſtack; Jean Smith, daughter of Wm. Smith, cottager; James Bains, Reaſter; John Bain's daughter, and two maid ſervants; Barbara Sutherland, Greenland; Barbara Sutherland, ditto; Margaret Allan, ditto; John Baikie, jun. ditto—6d. each		0	17 6
	L.	15	1 0

Subſcriptions in the Pariſh of ABDIE.

Peter Nicol	L.	2	2 0
Gerge Buiſt		1	10 6
George Jarvit		2	2 0
Peter Lumſdane		3	0 0
James Anderſon		3	3 0
James Wilſon		2	0 0
Robert Kinnear		1	1 0
Robert Adamſon		1	1 0
Surplus of the Militia Subſcription		2	2 10
Henry Chriſtie, Alex. Donaldſon, James Tod, Henry Buiſt—10s. 6d. each		2	2 0
Wm. White		0	15 0
Alex. Laurie, Anne Tod, John Black—10s. each		1	10 0
George Forbes, James Miller, John Duncan, John Miller, James Bett, jun. Miſs Dick—5s. each		1	10 0
John Low		0	3 6
Alex. Laing, David Hutton—3s. each		0	6 0
Andrew Bett, John Bett, Andrew Wilkie, George Stark, Thomas Finlayſon, Wm. Nairn, Wm. Smith, Wm. Young, David Crichton, David Wilſon, Robert Kilgour, Wm. Kilgour, Wm. Halket, Thomas Honeyman, Alex. Wood, David Lawſon, Wm. Lowden—2s. 6d. each		2	2 6
David Wilkie, David Laing, Wm. Edmonſton, Andrew Goodale, John Wilkie, Andrew Trail, Wm. Bailie, John Hay, Wm. Steel John Jeffrie, Andrew Smith, Alexander Myler, David Robertſon, Janet Dear, Henry Wilſon, Henry Duncan, James Wilſon, George Wilſon, Wm. Scath, George Dawſon, Walker Brown, James Paterſon, Iſabel Pearſon, John Bennet, Andrew Wilſon, James Wilſon, Wm. Swan, James Lawſon, Peter Playfair, Robert Forbes, Thomas Hutton, Robert Wilſon, David Beveridge, ſen. Wm. Wilkie, James Kemp, John Innes, Iſabel Smith, Janet Bruce, Iſabel Malcom, John Chalmers, James Hind, John M'Naughton, David Duncan, John Black, Wm. Chalmers—2s. each		4	10 0
Walter Beveridge, Anne Maxton, Jean Taylor, W. Rind, John Lowden, Angus Kay, Catharine Wilkie, Euphemia Bruce, Margaret Lowdon, Iſabel Smith, Iſabel Wilkie, James Lowdon—1s. 6d. each		0	13 0
Robert Kidd, George Malcom, George Smith, Alex. Barclay, James More, Nicholas Johnſton, Eliz. Chalmers, Eliz. Roſs, Wm. Smith, Robert Lamont, David Beveridge, Margaret Blythe, John Bruce, Robert Matthew, Henry Melville, John Malcom, Hugh Wallace, Mary Proudfoot, Chriſtian M'Naughton, Wm. Clark, Eliz. Jack, Richard Stevens, John Young, Jean Wilſon, Henry Muckarſie—1s. each		1	5 0
Wm. Scott		0	0 6
	L.	32	19 10

Subſcriptions in the Pariſh of EDDLESTOWN, in the County of Peebles, beſides 31. 10s. by Mr Wolfe Murray, and 21l. by by Col. Murray, already publiſhed.

Gideon Needham	L.	10	10 0
Wm. Brown and George Gibſon, Eſqrs.		32	10 0
Rev. Patrick Robertſon		5	5 0
John Miller, ſchoolmaſter		1	1 0
Thomas Chalmers, farmer		5	5 0
John Ballantyne, of Nether Stewarton		5	5 0
Wm. Ballantyne, farmer		1	0 0
Alex. Ballantyne, Eddleſtown		2	10 0
Mrs Ballantyne		0	10 6
Wm. Paterſon, farmer in Eddleſtown, Bowland		1	1 0
James Paterſon, his ſon		1	1 0
Thomas Paterſon, ditto		1	1 0
John Paterſon, ditto		1	1 0
Thomas Ronaldſon, farmer		1	1 0
John Paterſon, windaws		5	5 0
Wm. Paterſon, Northſhiel		1	1 0
John Craig, farmer		1	1 0
Wm. Dickſon, ſervant to J. W. M.		0	10 0
Samuel Dickſon, ſervant, Harehope; Barbara Ballantyne; Robert Hiſlop, ſervant to Mr Chalmers, and for his wife and daughters; Andrew Scott, ſervant to Colonel Murray; James Johnſton, ſmith, —5s each		1	5 0
Alex. Henderſon, ſervant to Col. Murray; John Veitch, do.—4s. each		0	8 0
Robert Rintoul, ſervant at Harehope; John Ballantyne, jun.; Peggy Swanſton, ſervant to Mr Chalmers; Gavin Howiſon, carpenter; Elſabeth Smith, ſervant to Mr Needham; David Hiſlop, weaver; Robert Walker, ſervant to Col. Murray; James Gilry, gardener to ditto; Jane Burns, ſervant to Mr Paterſon; Marion Edin, do. do; Alex. Thorburn, ſen. tailor—2s. 6d. each		1	7 6
James Dickſon, ſervant at Harehope; Janet Swan and R. Sanderſon, ſervant maids to ditto; Agnes Thomſon, ſervant to Mr Ballantyne; Thomas Bailie, ſervant to Mr Chalmers; Robert Wilſon, ditto, ditto; John Watſon, ditto, ditto; John Forſyth, farmer; John Purdie, ſervant to Mr Needham—2s. each		0	18 0
Andrew Stevenſon, ſervant to Mr Chalmers; Betty Forſyth, ditto, ditto; Nanny Gilry, ſervant to do.; Margaret Henderſon, ſervant to ditto—1s. each.		0	4 0
	L.	101	1 0

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Five Merk Lands of Old Extent of DULLATOR, and One Merk Land of GLENBANE, with the Oak and other Woods thereon, nearly ready for cutting; Fiſhings in the lakes of Lochvanacher and Lochannahalloch, and two pendicles, parts of the lands of Over Glennie and Mondowie, contiguous to the ſaid lands of Dullator, all lying in the pariſh of Port, within two miles of the beautiful village of Callander in Monteith, which is now a poſt town, and the firſt ſtage on the military road from Stirling to Fort William.

Peter Roſs, inn-keeper in Callander will give directions for ſhewing the lands; and the title-deeds and rental will be ſeen in the hands of Mr M'Ewan, No. 27, George Street, who can inform as to other particulars, and is empowered to conclude a private bargain.

SALE OF KINNORDY AND INVERCARITY,

In the County of Forfar.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 8th day of July 1799, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of KINNORDY and INVERCARITY, lying in the pariſh of Kerrymuir and county of Forfar, in the two following Lots, viz.

LOT I.—The Lands and Eſtate of KINNORDY, with the farm of KINTYRIE, comprehending the manſion-houſe, office-houſes, and garden of Kinnordy, as laid down and delineated on a plan and meaſurement thereof, lately made out by Mr Ainſlie, land ſurveyor, whereby it appears that this lot contains 2704 acres.

The manſion-houſe and offices of Kinnordy are lately built and erected upon a very extenſive plan, elegantly finiſhed, and in a complete ſtate of repair. The garden was within theſe few years made out at a great expence, having a large hot-houſe and hot walls, well ſtocked with fruit trees of the beſt kinds, producing great quantities of fruit.

The manſion-houſe of Kinnordy is ſituated within an Engliſh mile of the very thriving market town of Kerrymuir, ſix miles of the county town of Forfar, and ſixteen of the large ſea port town of Dundee.

In this lot is alſo included the Loch of Kinnordy, which contains marle of an excellent quality, ſuppoſed to be inexhauſtable, and for which there is a conſtant demand.

The proprietor has an heritable right to the teinds which are valued, and the Miniſter obtained an augmentation only eighteen months ago. The Church and Manſe are new and ſubſtantial, and in a complete ſtate of repair. L. 10,000 of the price of this lot muſt remain with the purchaſer at the legal intereſt, in order to anſwer a liferent annuity.

LOT II.—The Lands and Eſtate of INVERCARITY, ſo far as delineated on Mr Ainſlie's plan by which they contain 1161 acres, with the ancient Caſtle and Garden of Invercarity, delightfully ſituated upon the banks of the waters of Eſk, Proſen and Carity, and where they all conjoin. The beautiful and very romantic ſituation of this place is too well known to require any deſcription, and upon which there are very extenſive woods and plantations, all in the moſt thriving condition and of great value. The Farms of Weſter Shielhill, Quiech, Auchnagray, Turfachie, and Coſſacks, are alſo included in this lot, and the ſtate of the tiends, &c. is the ſame as lot firſt, excepting ſuch of the laſt-mentioned farms as are ſituated in the pariſh of Tannadyce, the teinds of which are exhauſted by payment of Miniſter's ſtipend.

Plans and meaſurements of theſe eſtates, by Mr Ainſlie, with the title deeds, tacks, and rentals thereof are to be ſeen in the hands of Mr Proctor at Glammis Caſtle, or Thomas Duncan, writer in Edinburgh, who have power to treat by private bargain, before the day of ſale.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF DUMFRIES.

There will be expoſed to SALE by public roup or auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 19th June next, between the hours of one and three afternoon,

I. THE LORDSHIP and ESTATE of NEWBIE, with the Teinds and Patronage of the pariſh of Annan, and the very valuable Fiſhings in the River Annan and Solway Frith.

This Eſtate is remarkable for the beauty and advantages of its ſituation. It is bounded by the Solway Frith, for about two miles, and above three miles by the River Annan, which is navigable for a conſiderable way, and falls into the Frith within the limits of the eſtate. The great road from Dumfries to London paſſes through the lands, which extend within a few yards of the royal burgh of Annan. They hold of the Crown, and are valued in the ceſs books at 993 merks.

The eſtate conſiſts of about 1221 Scots acres. The rental for the preſent year is 843l. 13s. Sterling. But as the leaſes of two conſiderable Farms expire with the enſuing crop, the rental may next year be conſiderably increaſed; and beſides the expected riſe on theſe, there are progreſſive riſes on ſundry of the other Farms by the ſubſiſting leaſes, the longeſt of which expire in 15 years, when it is the general opinion of the country that the rent will be more than doubled. Great part of the land is of the firſt quality in the county of Dumfries, the whole is capable of much improvement, and a conſiderable part is in the ſtate of nature. The Lands are within two miles of the great Lime Kilns of Kilhead, and lime and coals are brought from the Engliſh ſide at a very cheap rate. The Farm Steadings are good, and four of them on the principal Farms are new, which have ſuperior accommodation.

The fiſhings of the eſtate extend in the River Annan for nearly four miles from the ſea, and weſtwards in the bed of the united Rivers of Eden, Eſk, and Annan, and along the Frith to the foot of Locher water, a diſtance of nine or ten miles. In that part of the Solway, not only the fiſhery of Salmon, but of all other kinds of fiſh are the excluſive right of the eſtate. Conſiderable improvements have been made by the preſent ingenious and ſpirited tenants, in the modes of catching the various kinds of fiſh; and theſe being inexhauſtable, it is not doubted but in the courſe of the preſent leaſe, of which there are 10 years to run, theſe Fiſhings will be improved to a great value. The tenants are bound to lay out 300l. in clearing the Channel of the River Annan, for improving the Fiſhing there.

At the mouth of the river at Port Annan, there is a good harbour belonging to the Eſtate, with the deepeſt water and beſt accommodation for ſhipping in any part of the Solway Frith—There is a conſiderable Warehouſe at the port for ſtoring corn and various goods, and is now much uſed

On the River Annan and in the Eſtate, there are complete Corn Mills, and various offers have been received for liberty to erect Machinery for Manufactures, for which, from the populouſneſs of the neighbourhood, and the access to road and to the ſea, the ſituation is uncommonly well adapted.

There are 32 acres of thriving plantations on the Eſtate, about 18 years old. Various delightful ſituations may be choſen on the Lands for a Manſion Houſe, and there are Quarries of excellent Stone on the grounds.

The purchaſer will have an opportunity of adding to the property by purchaſing lands in and about the town of Annan, which are to be expoſed to ſale ſoon after the time fixed for the ſale of Newbie.

II. The Ten Pound LAND of STAPLETOUN, and Teinds thereof lying in the pariſh of Dornock, about two miles diſtant from Annan. The extent is about 858 Scots acres. It lies compact and has a fine expoſure. A great part of the Lands is of excellent quality and the whole very improveable. The preſent leaſes, of which there are 9 years to run, were let when the lands were entirely open. March fences have now been made, and good farm houſes built. The preſent rent is 353l. 15s. but at the end of the leaſes a great riſe may be expected. The Lands of Stapletoun hold of the Crown, and by an old retour they are proved to be a ten pound land of old extent, and conſequently afford a Freehold Qualification.—They are valued in the ceſs-books at 490 merks.

III. The LANDS of BROOMILL, lying in the pariſh of Lochmaben, and near the Borough. They are bounded partly by the Broomhill or Halleaths Lake, and partly by the river Annan, and Water of Kinnel, in which the tenants exerciſe their right of fiſhing ſalmon and trout without rent. The extent of theſe lands is about 262 acres, and they are poſſeſſed by four tenants who pay 120l. of rent. They are under leaſe partly for fifteen and partly for three years. They are pleaſantly ſituated and very improveable. They hold of the Crown, and are valued in the ceſs-books at 171 merks.

Along with the Lands of Broomill or ſeparately, will be ſold, nearly 3 acres of land, which lie in the Boroughroads of Lochmaben, and are poſſeſſed by Mrs Hoggan and John Millar, and alſo three houſes and a yard poſſeſſed by Mrs Hoggan, and a houſe poſſeſſed by Robert Jardine, ſmith.

The lands will be ſhown by the different tenants, and for further particulars application may be made to William Stewart, at Hillſide, near Lockerbie; Mr Keith accountant in Edinburgh, or Mr Craufurd Tait, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh. The articles of roup, title deeds, and plans of the hands will be ſhown by Mr Keith or Mr Tait.

LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, upon wedneſday the 12th of June 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon,

THE Following LANDS, in the pariſhes of Craigie and Mauchline, viz.

HILL, LADESIDE, LITTLEHILL, RATTENRAW, MACHINE CLOSS, LOCHBAR, HOLLOWRODDING, BARGOUR, or SAURSTON, and LOANHEAD, MIDDLE or LITTLE BARGOUR, and CRAIGHEAD of BARGOUR.

The whole conſiſting of about 560 acres of rich arable land including ſome meadow and wood lands. The preſent rent is only about 470l. Sterling, but at the expiry of two of the leaſes at Martinmes next, and two at Martinmas 1800, about 100l. of addition may be expected.

There is plenty of coal and lime, of good quality, in the premiſſes, beſides two fine free-ſtone quarries, and there are ſeveral good ſituations for a gentleman's reſidence.

The diſtance from Kilmarnock is only four miles, from Ayr twelve, and from Glaſgow twenty-five, to all of which places there are good roads.

For other particulars apply to Thomas Wallace, Eſq. of Cairnhill, near Kilmarnock, or to James Ferrier, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, in whoſe hands are the title-deeds, plans of the lands, and current leaſes. Plans will alſo be ſeen at the houſe of Cairnhill, and a perſon there will ſhow the lands.

SALE OF AN ESTATE IN FORFARSHIRE.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of KEITHOCK, in the pariſh, and within two Engliſh miles of the town of Brechin, conſiſting of about 454 Scots acres, rented within a ring at 400l. Sterling yearly, including what is in the proprietor's hand at a moderate valuation.

The lands are pleaſantly ſituated, and beſides their vicinity to Brechin, are diſtant only ten Engliſh miles from Montroſe and fourteen from Forfar, all good market towns to which there are turnpike roads. This eſtate is all incloſe and ſubdivided, partly with ſtone dykes, ditch and hedge, town and belts of hard wood. The great turnpike road from Edinburgh to Aberdeen goes through the lands,—the ſoil is well known to be of an excellent quality. There is a large and commodious manſion houſe on the eſtate in complete repair, fit to accommodate a large family. There is a good garden cloſe by the houſe, and a fine free ſtone quarry on the eſtate, on neither of which any value is put in the rental, nor upon a well-ſtocked pidgeon houſe. The woods on this eſtate, conſiſting of about 116 acres, are valuable, there being no timber in the neighbourhood near ſo old, many of the trees on 100 acres of theſe woods being fifty years old, and the reſt from thirty to forty. A beautiful den lies near the houſe; it is planted with hard wood, a ſtream of water runs through the den, and falls over a rock, which forms a fine romantic caſcade, called *The Lin of Keithock.*

None of the leaſes are of long endurance, the principal Farm being only ſet for eight years after Martinmaſs, under proper reſtrictions as to cropping.—A conſiderable riſe of rent may be expected on a new ſet. One of the ſmall Farms has been lately ſet to the old tenant and his ſon-in-law, for more than three times the former rent. Beſides a great deal of paſture, there is 62 acres of arable land in a high ſtate of cultivation in the proprietor's hand, and on that, as well as on the principal farm there is a complete ſet of houſes, newly built and repaired.

The lands hold of a ſubject ſuperior, for payment of a trifling few duty; and the compoſition on the entry of a ſingular ſucceſſor is taxed at ten ſhillings. The teinds are valued, and the proprietor holds a leaſe of them from the Crown, for payment of a ſmall tiend duty.

The title deeds are clear and unexceptionable; and for further particulars, application may be made to the proprietor, William Richardſon, Eſq. of Keithock, by Brechin, or to John Sievwright, writer there.

A conſiderable part of the price of Keithock will be allowed to remain in the purchaſer's hand on ſecurity, and the terms of payment of the remainder made convenient. An intending purchaſer may be accommodated with more land in this neighbourhood; Cairnbank on the eaſt, and Murlingden on the weſt, both bounded by Keithock, being at preſent under ſale.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLSHIRE,

Upſet Prices Reduced.

The remaining lots of the Eſtate of DUNSTAFFNAGE are to be expoſed to SALE by auction, within the Seſſion-houſe, Edinburgh, by authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, upon Wedneſday the 12th June, 1799, between the hours of five and ſeven o'clock afternoon,

LOT I.

THE LANDS of KILCHIARAN, and BALLUIR, lying in the iſland of Lesmore.

There is no heritable right to the teinds, but they appear to have been valued by the Sub-commiſſioners of the Preſbytery of Argyll, at 4 bolls of bear, and 5 bolls of meal, parſonage teinds, and 2l. Scots vicarage.

The lands hold feu of Mr Campbell of Lochnell, for the yearly payment of 8l. 13s. 4d. Scots, or 14s. 5d. 4-12ths Sterling.

The free rent, after deduction of the valued teinds and other burdens, is 132l. 6s. 7d. 8-12ths Sterling, and the upſet price is 3574l. 18s. 10d. Sterling, being twenty ſeven years purchaſe of the free rent, in place of twenty eight, the former upſet price.

LOT II.

The Lands of SONOCHAN, lying in the united pariſhes of Kilmore and Kilbride, in Lorne.

There is an heritable right to three-fourths of the teinds of theſe lands, the other fourth is Biſhops teinds.

Theſe lands hold feu of the Duke of Argyll, for payment of four merks yearly.

The free rent, after deduction of the Biſhops fourth of the teinds, and other public burdens, is 39l. 6s. 10d. 4-12ths Sterling, and the upſet price is 1062l. 5s. 3d. Sterling, being twenty ſeven years purchaſe of the free rent, in place of twenty eight, the former upſet price.

LOT III. (formerly LOT IV.)

The Lands of SOUTH and NORTH ARDCHONNEL, with the Waulk Mill thereof; Ardchonnelaltrich and the Mill thereof; Barranchaltine and Barranreich, lying in the united pariſhes of Kilmore and Kilbride, in Lorne.

The lands of South and North Ardchonnell hold feu of Mr Campbell of Lochnell, for payment of 4l. Scots, and 6 merks, 6 ſhillings, and 8 pennies, and 20 ſhillings, in name of ſhearing ſilver, with a kain wedder. The other lands in this lot hold feu of the Duke of Argyll, for payment of 1l. 15s. 8d. 7-12ths Sterling, including the uſual converted price of meal and barley.

There is an heritable right to three fourths of the teinds, the other fourth is Biſhops teinds.

The free rent after deduction of the Biſhops fourth of the teinds, and other burdens, is 269l. 7s. 7d. 6-12ths Sterling, and the upſet price is 7273l. 5s. 10½d. Sterling, being 27 years purchaſe of the free rent, in place of 28, the former upſet price.

LOT IV. (formerly LOT V.)

The Lands of UPPER AUCHAVAICH, lying in the united pariſhes of Kilmore and Kilbride, in Lorne.

There is an heritable right to three fourths of the teinds, the other fourth is Biſhops teinds.

The lands held feu of the Duke of Argyll, for payment of 1l. 5s. 9d. 1-12th, Sterling.

The free rent after deduction of the Biſhops fourth of the teinds, and other burdens, is 53l. 15s. 11d. 3-12ths Sterling, and the upſet price is 1452l. 10s. 3d. 3-12ths Sterling, being 27 years purchaſe of the free rent, in place of 28 the former upſet price.

LOT V. (formerly LOT VI.)

The Lands of DUNSTAFFNAGE, Balluir, Dunbeg, with the pertinent of Taynahulaich, Pennyfour, Upper and Lower Glencrutten, Glencruttenbeg, lands of Lower Auchavaich, and feu duties ariſing from grounds feued out at Oban, all lying in the ſaid pariſh of Kilmore and Kilbride.

There is an heritable right to three-fourths of the teinds of the whole Lands in this Lot, (except Upper and Lower Glencrutten, which are entirely Biſhop's teinds) the remaining fourth is Biſhop's teinds.

The lands in this Lot hold feu of the Duke of Argyll, for payment of 16l. 12s. 2d. Sterling, including the price of meal and barley.

The free rent, after deduction of one-fifth of the rent of the Lands of Upper and Lower Glencrutten for teind (exclusive of the feus in Oban) being wholly Biſhops teinds, and the Biſhops fourth of the remaining lands and other burdens, is 40l. 6s. 5d. 8-12ths Sterling, and the amount of the feu duties is 11l. 16s. 6d. Sterling. The upſet price is 11,048l. 11s. 2d. 1-12th Sterling, being 27 years purchaſe of the free rent, in place of 28, the former upſet price, and 18 years purchaſe of the feu duties, in place of 19 the former upſet price.

The plan of the eſtate and articles of roup are to be ſeen in the office of Mr Jeffrey, Depute Clerk of Seſſion, and in the lands of Mr Ferrier, W. S. agent in the ſale.